

CAS integration tests regression report

Maple 2022.1 vs. Maple 2021.1

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Contents

1	Summary of regression test table	2
2	Test file number 61	6
3	Test file number 70	6
4	Test file number 107	14
5	Test file number 135	16
6	Test file number 158	18
7	Test file number 163	20
8	Test file number 169	22
9	Test file number 178	23
10	Test file number 182	24
11	Test file number 186	24
12	Test file number 187	30
13	Test file number 188	56
14	Test file number 189	60
15	Test file number 190	66
16	Test file number 191	70
17	Test file number 196	71
18	Test file number 198	72

19 Test file number 209	73
20 Test file number 210	82

1 Summary of regression test table

Table 1: Summary table of regression tests

#	test file #	integral #	Maple 2022.1	Maple 2021.1
1	61	74	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
2	70	604	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
3	70	605	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
4	70	607	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
5	70	609	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
6	70	610	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
7	70	611	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
8	70	614	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
9	107	19	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
10	135	176	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
11	135	178	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
12	135	179	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
13	158	109	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
14	163	276	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
15	163	277	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
16	163	278	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
17	169	249	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
18	169	250	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
19	169	251	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
20	178	59	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
21	182	58	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
22	186	12	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
23	186	13	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
24	186	14	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
25	186	22	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
26	186	23	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
27	186	24	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

#	test file #	inte-gral #	Maple 2022.1	Maple 2021.1
28	186	32	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
29	186	33	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
30	186	34	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
31	186	35	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
32	187	55	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
33	187	57	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
34	187	63	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
35	187	64	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
36	187	65	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
37	187	66	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
38	187	71	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
39	187	72	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
40	187	73	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
41	187	74	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
42	187	80	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
43	187	81	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
44	187	82	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
45	187	198	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
46	187	199	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
47	187	200	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
48	187	201	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
49	187	202	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
50	187	207	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
51	187	208	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
52	187	209	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
53	187	210	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
54	187	211	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
55	187	216	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
56	187	217	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

#	test file #	inte-gral #	Maple 2022.1	Maple 2021.1
57	187	218	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
58	187	219	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
59	187	220	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
60	187	252	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
61	187	253	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
62	187	282	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
63	187	283	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
64	187	328	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
65	187	329	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
66	187	330	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
67	187	342	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
68	187	343	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
69	188	12	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
70	188	67	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
71	188	68	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
72	188	75	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
73	188	266	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
74	189	12	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
75	189	14	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
76	189	22	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
77	189	23	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
78	189	24	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
79	189	32	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
80	189	33	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
81	189	34	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
82	189	35	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
83	190	164	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
84	190	165	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
85	190	240	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

#	test file #	inte-gral #	Maple 2022.1	Maple 2021.1
86	190	241	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
87	190	527	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
88	191	8	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
89	191	9	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
90	196	394	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
91	198	147	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
92	198	148	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
93	198	149	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
94	209	209	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
95	209	759	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
96	209	1554	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
97	209	1669	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
98	209	1778	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
99	209	1779	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
100	209	2194	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
101	209	2274	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
102	209	2276	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
103	209	2277	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
104	209	2531	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
105	209	2622	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
106	209	2728	-1 (time out)	1 (pass)
107	209	2737	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
108	210	3909	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
109	210	5812	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
110	210	7306	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
111	210	7352	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
112	210	7552	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
113	210	9256	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)
114	210	9321	0 (not solved)	1 (pass)

2 Test file number 61

Test folder name:

test_cases/3_Logarithms/61_3.2.3_u_log-e-f-a+b_x^-p-c+d_x^-q-r^-s

2.1 Problem number 74

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{(c+dx)(-a+c+(-b+d)x) \log\left(\frac{a+bx}{c+dx}\right)} + \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{a+bx}{c+dx}\right)}{(a+bx)(c+dx) \log^2\left(\frac{a+bx}{c+dx}\right)} \right) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{-bx-a}{dx+c}\right)}{(-ad+bc)\ln\left(\frac{bx+a}{dx+c}\right)}$$

command

```

int(1/(d*x+c)/(-a+c+(-b+d)*x)/ln((b*x+a)/(d*x+c))+ln(1+(-b*x-a)/(d*x+c))/(b*x+a)/(d*x+c)/ln((b*x+a)/(d*x+c))/(-a+c+(-b+d)*x)/ln((b*x+a)/(d*x+c)))

```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(-a + c + (-b + d)x) \ln\left(\frac{bx+a}{dx+c}\right)} + \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{-bx-a}{dx+c}\right)}{(bx + a)(dx + c) \ln^2\left(\frac{bx+a}{dx+c}\right)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{2i \ln(bx - dx + a - c)}{(ad - bc) \left(\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{dx+c}\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right) - \pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right)^2 - \pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{dx+c}\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right)^2 + i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right)^2 + i\pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{dx+c}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right) \right) - (ad - bc) \left(-i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{dx+c}\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right) + i\pi \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right)^2 + i\pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{dx+c}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(i(bx + a)) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(bx+a)}{dx+c}\right) \right)}$$

3 Test file number 70

Test folder name:

test_cases/4_Trig_functions/4.1_Sine/70_4.1.1.2-g_cos^-p-a+b_sin^-m

3.1 Problem number 604

$$\int \frac{1}{(e \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx))^3} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{9b^{\frac{7}{2}}(11a^2 + 2b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx+c)}}{(-a^2+b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{8(-a^2+b^2)^{\frac{17}{4}} d e^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\ & - \frac{9b^{\frac{7}{2}}(11a^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx+c)}}{(-a^2+b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{8(-a^2+b^2)^{\frac{17}{4}} d e^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\ & + \frac{b}{2(a^2 - b^2) de (e \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \sin(dx+c))^2} \\ & + \frac{13ab}{4(a^2 - b^2)^2 de (e \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \sin(dx+c))} \\ & + \frac{-9b(11a^2 + 2b^2) + a(8a^2 + 109b^2) \sin(dx+c)}{20(a^2 - b^2)^3 de (e \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{\frac{9b^3(11a^2+2b^2)}{4} + \frac{3a(8a^4-64a^2b^2-139b^4) \sin(dx+c)}{20}}{(a^2 - b^2)^4 d e^3 \sqrt{e \cos(dx+c)}} \\ & + \frac{9a b^3(11a^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos}(dx+c))}{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e^3 \left(b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx+c)}} \\ & + \frac{9a b^3(11a^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos}(dx+c))}{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e^3 \left(b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx+c)}} \\ & - \frac{3a(8a^4 - 64a^2b^2 - 139b^4) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx+c)}}{20 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e^4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(1/(e*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{1}{(e \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{7}{2}} (a + b \sin(dx+c))^3} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

3.2 Problem number 605

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(c + dx))^{15/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{39a(11a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 6b^4) e^{\frac{15}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{15}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} d} \\ & + \frac{39a(11a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 6b^4) e^{\frac{15}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{15}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} d} \\ & - \frac{e(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{13}{2}}}{3bd(a + b \sin(dx + c))^3} - \frac{13e^3(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{9}{2}} (11a + 4b \sin(dx + c))}{84b^3d(a + b \sin(dx + c))^2} \\ & - \frac{39e^5(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}} (77a^2 - 20b^2 + 22ab \sin(dx + c))}{280b^5d(a + b \sin(dx + c))} \\ & + \frac{13(231a^4 - 203a^2b^2 + 20b^4) e^8 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{56 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^8 d \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{39a^2(11a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 6b^4) e^8 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^8 d \left(a^2 - b(b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{39a^2(11a^4 - 17a^2b^2 + 6b^4) e^8 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^8 d \left(a^2 - b(b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & + \frac{13e^7(21a(11a^2 - 6b^2) - b(77a^2 - 20b^2) \sin(dx + c)) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{56b^7d} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((e*cos(d*x+c))^(15/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{15}{2}}}{(a + b \sin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

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3.3 Problem number 607

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(c + dx))^{11/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{15a(7a^2 - 6b^2) e^{\frac{11}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{11}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} d} \\
& -\frac{15a(7a^2 - 6b^2) e^{\frac{11}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{11}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} d} \\
& -\frac{e(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3bd(a + b \sin(dx + c))^3} - \frac{e^3(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}} (7a + 4b \sin(dx + c))}{4b^3d(a + b \sin(dx + c))^2} \\
& -\frac{5(21a^2 - 4b^2) e^6 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^6 d \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& +\frac{15a^2(7a^2 - 6b^2) e^6 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^6 d \left(a^2 - b(b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& +\frac{15a^2(7a^2 - 6b^2) e^6 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^6 d \left(a^2 - b(b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2})\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& -\frac{5e^5(21a^2 - 4b^2 + 14ab \sin(dx + c)) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{8b^5d(a + b \sin(dx + c))}
\end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((e*cos(d*x+c))^(11/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{11}{2}}}{(a + b \sin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

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3.4 Problem number 609

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5a(a^2 - 2b^2) e^{\frac{7}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{7}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{7}{4}} d} \\ & -\frac{5a(a^2 - 2b^2) e^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{7}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{7}{4}} d} - \frac{e(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3bd(a + b \sin(dx + c))^3} \\ & + \frac{5(3a^2 - 4b^2) e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{24 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^4 (a^2 - b^2) d \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{5a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^4 (a^2 - b^2) d \left(a^2 - b \left(b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right)\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{5a^2(a^2 - 2b^2) e^4 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^4 (a^2 - b^2) d \left(a^2 - b \left(b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right)\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{5(3a^2 - 4b^2) e^3 \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{24b^3 (a^2 - b^2) d (a + b \sin(dx + c))} + \frac{5e^3(3a + 4b \sin(dx + c)) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{12b^3 d (a + b \sin(dx + c))^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((e*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(a + b \sin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

3.5 Problem number 610

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) e^{\frac{5}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}} d} + \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2) e^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{9}{4}} d} \\ & -\frac{e(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bd(a + b \sin(dx + c))^3} + \frac{ae(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b(a^2 - b^2)d(a + b \sin(dx + c))^2} + \frac{(a^2 + 4b^2)e(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8b(a^2 - b^2)^2 d(a + b \sin(dx + c))} \\ & -\frac{a^2(a^2 - 6b^2)e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \left(b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & -\frac{a^2(a^2 - 6b^2)e^3 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^3 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \left(b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & + \frac{(a^2 + 4b^2)e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((e*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a + b \sin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

3.6 Problem number 611

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{(a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a(a^2 + 6b^2) e^{\frac{3}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{11}{4}} d} - \frac{a(a^2 + 6b^2) e^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}} (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{11}{4}} d} \\ & - \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{24 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & + \frac{a^2 (a^2 + 6b^2) e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \left(a^2 - b \left(b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right)\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & + \frac{a^2 (a^2 + 6b^2) e^2 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) b^2 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d \left(a^2 - b \left(b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}\right)\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{e \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{3bd (a + b \sin(dx + c))^3} + \frac{ae \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{12b (a^2 - b^2) d (a + b \sin(dx + c))^2} \\ & + \frac{(3a^2 + 4b^2) e \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{24b (a^2 - b^2)^2 d (a + b \sin(dx + c))} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((e*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a + b \sin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

3.7 Problem number 614

$$\int \frac{1}{(e \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (a + b \sin(c + dx))^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{15a b^{\frac{3}{2}} (7a^2 + 6b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16 (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{17}{4}} d e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{15a b^{\frac{3}{2}} (7a^2 + 6b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{(-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{e}}\right)}{16 (-a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{17}{4}} d e^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\
& + \frac{b}{3 (a^2 - b^2) d e (a + b \sin(dx + c))^3 \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& + \frac{13ab}{12 (a^2 - b^2)^2 d e (a + b \sin(dx + c))^2 \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& + \frac{b (89a^2 + 28b^2)}{24 (a^2 - b^2)^3 d e (a + b \sin(dx + c)) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& + \frac{-15ab(7a^2 + 6b^2) + (16a^4 + 151a^2b^2 + 28b^4) \sin(dx + c)}{8 (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& - \frac{15a^2b(7a^2 + 6b^2) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e (b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& - \frac{15a^2b(7a^2 + 6b^2) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \frac{2b}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}, \sqrt{2}\right) (\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)})}{16 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e (b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}} \\
& - \frac{(16a^4 + 151a^2b^2 + 28b^4) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx + c)}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{e \cos(dx + c)}}{8 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) (a^2 - b^2)^4 d e^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}
\end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(1/(e*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)/(a+b*sin(d*x+c))^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{1}{(e \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \sin(dx + c))^4} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

4 Test file number 107

Test folder name:

test_cases/4_Trig_functions/4.3_Tangent/107_4.3.9_trig^m-a+b_tan^n+c_tan^-2_n^-p

4.1 Problem number 19

$$\int \frac{\tan^7(d + ex)}{(a + b \tan(d + ex) + c \tan^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \tan(ex+d)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))}}} \right)}{2c^{\frac{5}{2}} e} \\
 - & \frac{5b(-12ac+7b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \tan(ex+d)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))}}} \right)}{16c^{\frac{9}{2}} e} \\
 + & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{(b^2-(a-c)(a-c-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}))-b(2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}) \tan(ex+d)}{\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} \sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2-(a-c)\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d)}} \right)}{2(a^2-b^2-c^2)e} \\
 - & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{(b^2-(a-c)(a-c+\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}))-b(2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}) \tan(ex+d)}{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} \sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2+(a-c)\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d)}} \right)}{2(a^2-b^2-c^2)e} \\
 + & \frac{(-16ac+7b^2) \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))} (\tan^2(ex+d))}{3c^2 (-4ac+b^2) e} \\
 - & \frac{2b \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))} (\tan^3(ex+d))}{c (-4ac+b^2) e} \\
 + & \frac{4a+2b \tan(ex+d)}{(-4ac+b^2) e \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))}} \\
 - & \frac{2(\tan^2(ex+d)) (2a+b \tan(ex+d))}{(-4ac+b^2) e \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))}} \\
 + & \frac{2(\tan^4(ex+d)) (2a+b \tan(ex+d))}{(-4ac+b^2) e \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))}} \\
 - & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))} (3b^2-8ac-2bc \tan(ex+d))}{c^2 (-4ac+b^2) e} \\
 - & \frac{2(a(b^2-2(a-c)c)+bc(a+c) \tan(ex+d))}{(b^2+(a-c)^2) (-4ac+b^2) e \sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))}} \\
 + & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \tan(ex+d) + c (\tan^2(ex+d))} (105b^4-460ab^2c+256a^2c^2-2bc(-116ac+35b^2) \tan(ex+d))}{24c^4 (-4ac+b^2) e}
 \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(tan(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*tan(e*x+d)+c*tan(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

5 Test file number 135

Test folder name:

`test_cases/4_Trig_functions/4.7_Miscellaneous/135_4.7.1-c_trig-^m-d_trig-^n`

5.1 Problem number 176

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(a + bx)}{\sin^{\frac{7}{2}}(2a + 2bx)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sin(2bx + 2a)}{2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos(a + \frac{\pi}{4} + bx), \sqrt{2}\right)}{10 \sin(a + \frac{\pi}{4} + bx) b} - \frac{\cos^2(bx + a)}{5b \sin(2bx + 2a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3 \cos(2bx + 2a)}{10b \sqrt{\sin(2bx + 2a)}}$$

command

```
int(cos(b*x+a)^2/sin(2*b*x+2*a)^(7/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(xb + a)}{\sin(2xb + 2a)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{8\sqrt{2}}{5 \sin(2bx+2a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2} \left(6\sqrt{1+\sin(2bx+2a)} \sqrt{-2\sin(2bx+2a)+2} \sqrt{-\sin(2bx+2a)} (\sin^2(2bx+2a)) \operatorname{Ellip}$$

5.2 Problem number 178

$$\int \cos^3(a + bx) \sqrt{\sin(2a + 2bx)} \, dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5 \arcsin(\cos(bx+a) - \sin(bx+a))}{32b} - \frac{5 \ln(\cos(bx+a) + \sin(bx+a) + \sqrt{\sin(2bx+2a)})}{32b} \\ & + \frac{\cos(bx+a) (\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}(2bx+2a))}{8b} + \frac{5 \sin(bx+a) (\sqrt{\sin(2bx+2a)})}{16b} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(cos(b*x+a)^3*sin(2*b*x+2*a)^(1/2),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

5.3 Problem number 179

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(a + bx)}{\sqrt{\sin(2a + 2bx)}} \, dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3 \arcsin(\cos(bx+a) - \sin(bx+a))}{8b} \\ & + \frac{3 \ln(\cos(bx+a) + \sin(bx+a) + \sqrt{\sin(2bx+2a)})}{8b} + \frac{\cos(bx+a) (\sqrt{\sin(2bx+2a)})}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(cos(b*x+a)^3/sin(2*b*x+2*a)^(1/2),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

6 Test file number 158

Test folder name:

test_cases/5_Inverse_trig_functions/5.6_Inverse_cosecant/158_5.6.1_u-a+b_arccsc-c_x-
~n

6.1 Problem number 109

$$\int \frac{a + b \csc^{-1}(cx)}{(d + ex^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \ln \left(1 - \frac{\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \ln \left(1 + \frac{\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \ln \left(1 - \frac{\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx)) \ln \left(1 + \frac{\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{Ib polylog} \left(2, \frac{-\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{Ib polylog} \left(2, \frac{\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} - \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{Ib polylog} \left(2, \frac{-\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{Ib polylog} \left(2, \frac{\operatorname{Ic} \left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) \sqrt{-d}}{\sqrt{e} + \sqrt{c^2 d + e}} \right)}{4 (-d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{(-a - b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{4 d^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}} + \frac{(-a - b \operatorname{arccsc}(cx))}{4 d^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((a+b*arccsc(c*x))/(e*x^2+d)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

7 Test file number 163

Test folder name:

```
test_cases/6_Hyperbolic_functions/6.1_Hyperbolic_sine/163_6.1.5_Hyperbolic_sine_functions
```

7.1 Problem number 276

$$\int \frac{\sinh^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{\cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{bn} + \frac{\cosh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{3bn}$$

command

```
int(sinh(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\sinh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\left(-\frac{2}{3} + \frac{(\sinh^2(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{3}\right) \cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{nb}$$

7.2 Problem number 277

$$\int \frac{\sinh^4(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{3 \ln(x)}{8} - \frac{3 \cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{8bn} + \frac{\cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n)) (\sinh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{4bn}$$

command

```
int(sinh(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/x,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\sinh^4(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n)) (\sinh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{4bn} \\ & - \frac{3 \cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{8bn} + \frac{3 \ln(cx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3a}{8bn} \end{aligned}$$

7.3 Problem number 278

$$\int \frac{\sinh^5(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{\cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{bn} - \frac{2(\cosh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{3bn} + \frac{\cosh^5(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{5bn}$$

command

```
int(sinh(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^5/x,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\sinh^5(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\left(\frac{8}{15} + \frac{(\sinh^4(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{5} - \frac{4(\sinh^2(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{15}\right) \cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{nb}$$

8 Test file number 169

Test folder name:

`test_cases/6_Hyperbolic_functions/6.2_Hyperbolic_cosine/169_6.2.5_Hyperbolic_cosine_functions`

8.1 Problem number 249

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{\sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{bn} + \frac{\sinh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{3bn}$$

command

`int(cosh(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\cosh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{(\cosh^2(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{3}\right) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{nb}$$

8.2 Problem number 250

$$\int \frac{\cosh^4(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{3 \ln(x)}{8} + \frac{3 \cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{8bn} + \frac{(\cosh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{4bn}$$

command

`int(cosh(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/x,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\cosh^4(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\cosh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{4bn} \\ & + \frac{3 \cosh(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{8bn} + \frac{3 \ln(cx^n)}{8n} + \frac{3a}{8bn} \end{aligned}$$

8.3 Problem number 251

$$\int \frac{\cosh^5(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{\sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{bn} + \frac{2(\sinh^3(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{3bn} + \frac{\sinh^5(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{5bn}$$

command

`int(cosh(a+b*ln(cx^n))^5/x,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\cosh^5(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\left(\frac{8}{15} + \frac{(\cosh^4(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{5} + \frac{4(\cosh^2(a + b \ln(cx^n)))}{15}\right) \sinh(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{nb}$$

9 Test file number 178

Test folder name:

`test_cases/6_Hyperbolic_functions/6.5_Hyperbolic_secant/178_6.5.2-e_x^-m-a+b_sech-c+d_x^n-p`

9.1 Problem number 59

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{sech}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{4ab \arctan(\sinh(c + d\sqrt{x}))}{d} + 2a^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2b^2 \tanh(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d}$$

command

`int((a+b*sech(c+d*x^(1/2)))^2/x^(1/2),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{sech}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$2a^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{2b^2 \tanh(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d} + \frac{8ab \arctan(e^{c+d\sqrt{x}})}{d} + \frac{2a^2c}{d}$$

10 Test file number 182

Test folder name:

`test_cases/6_Hyperbolic_functions/6.6_Hyperbolic_cosecant/182_6.6.2-e_x-^m-a+b_csch-c+d_x^n-^p`

10.1 Problem number 58

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{4ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\cosh(c + d\sqrt{x}))}{d} - \frac{2b^2 \coth(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d} + 2a^2 \sqrt{x}$$

command

`int((a+b*csch(c+d*x^(1/2)))^2/x^(1/2),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{2a^2(c + d\sqrt{x}) - 8ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\operatorname{e}^{c+d\sqrt{x}}) - 2b^2 \coth(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d}$$

11 Test file number 186

Test folder name:

`test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.1_Inverse_hyperbolic_sine/186_7.1.2-d_x-^m-a+b_arcsinh-c_x^n`

11.1 Problem number 12

$$\int x^4 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16x}{75a^4} - \frac{8x^3}{225a^2} + \frac{2x^5}{125} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{5} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75a^5} \\ & + \frac{8x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75a^3} - \frac{2x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25a} \end{aligned}$$

command`int(x^4*arcsinh(a*x)^2,x)`Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{5} - \frac{16 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) - \frac{2 a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75} a^2 x^2 + \frac{16 a x}{75} + \frac{2 a^5 x^5}{125}}{a^5}$$

11.2 Problem number 13

$$\int x^3 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3x^2}{32a^2} + \frac{x^4}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{32a^4} + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{4} \\ & + \frac{3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{16a^3} - \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8a} \end{aligned}$$

command`int(x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^2,x)`Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\frac{a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{4} - \frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} a x - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{32} + \frac{a^4 x^4}{32} - \frac{3 a^2 x^2}{32} - \frac{3}{32}}{a^4}$$

11.3 Problem number 14

$$\int x^2 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{4x}{9a^2} + \frac{2x^3}{27} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{3} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9a^3} - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9a}$$

command

`int(x^2*arcsinh(a*x)^2,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{3} + \frac{4 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} a^2 x^2}{a^3} - \frac{4ax}{9} + \frac{2a^3 x^3}{27}$$

11.4 Problem number 22

$$\int x^4 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{76(a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1125 a^5} - \frac{6(a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{625 a^5} + \frac{16x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{25 a^4} - \frac{8x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{75 a^2} \\ & + \frac{6x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{125} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{5} - \frac{298 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{375 a^5} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25 a^5} \\ & + \frac{4x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25 a^3} - \frac{3x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25 a} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(x^4*arcsinh(a*x)^3,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{5} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25} - \frac{3a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 x^2}{25} + \frac{16ax \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{25}$$

11.5 Problem number 23

$$\int x^3 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{256a^4} - \frac{9x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{32a^2} + \frac{3x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{32a^4} \\ & + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{4} + \frac{45x \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{256a^3} - \frac{3x^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{128a} \\ & + \frac{9x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{32a^3} - \frac{3x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{16a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{4} - \frac{3 a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} + \frac{9 a x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{32} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) a^4 x^4}{32} - \frac{3 a^3 x^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^4} \end{aligned}$$

11.6 Problem number 24

$$\int x^2 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2(a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{27a^3} - \frac{4x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{3a^2} + \frac{2x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{3} \\ & + \frac{14 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9a^3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3a^3} - \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arcsinh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 x^2}{3} - \frac{4 a x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{3} + \frac{40 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{27} + \frac{2 a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9} \end{aligned}$$

11.7 Problem number 32

$$\int x^5 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{245x^2}{1152a^4} - \frac{65x^4}{3456a^2} + \frac{x^6}{324} + \frac{245 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{1152a^6} + \frac{5x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{16a^4} \\ & - \frac{5x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{48a^2} + \frac{x^6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{18} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{96a^6} + \frac{x^6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{6} \\ & - \frac{245x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{576a^5} + \frac{65x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{864a^3} - \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{54a} \\ & - \frac{5x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{24a^5} + \frac{5x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{36a^3} - \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{9a} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(x^5*arcsinh(a*x)^4,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{a^6 x^6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{6} - \frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} + \frac{5 a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{36} - \frac{5 a x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{24} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x)^5}{96}$$

11.8 Problem number 33

$$\int x^4 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16576x}{5625a^4} - \frac{1088x^3}{16875a^2} + \frac{24x^5}{3125} + \frac{32x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{25a^4} - \frac{16x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{75a^2} + \frac{12x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{125} \\ & + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{5} - \frac{16576 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5625a^5} + \frac{1088x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5625a^3} \\ & - \frac{24x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{625a} - \frac{32 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75a^5} \\ & + \frac{16x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75a^3} - \frac{4x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*arcsinh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{5} - \frac{32 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75} - \frac{4 a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25} + \frac{16 a^2 x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75} + \frac{32 a x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{25}$$

11.9 Problem number 34

$$\int x^3 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{45x^2}{128a^2} + \frac{3x^4}{128} - \frac{45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{128a^4} - \frac{9x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{16a^2} + \frac{3x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{16} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{32a^4} \\ & + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{4} + \frac{45x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{64a^3} - \frac{3x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{32a} \\ & + \frac{3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8a^3} - \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{4} - \frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4} + \frac{3 a x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{32} + \frac{3 a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{16} - \frac{3 a^3 x^3 a}{a^4} \end{aligned}$$

11.10 Problem number 35

$$\int x^2 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{160x}{27a^2} + \frac{8x^3}{81} - \frac{8x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{3a^2} + \frac{4x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{9} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{3} \\ & + \frac{160 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{27a^3} - \frac{8x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{27a} \\ & + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{9a^3} - \frac{4x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{9a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arcsinh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{3} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{4 a^2 x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{8 a x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{3} + \frac{160 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{27} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \\ & a^3 \end{aligned}$$

12 Test file number 187

Test folder name:

test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.1_Inverse_hyperbolic_sine/187_7.1.4-f_x-
~m-d+e_x^2-^p-a+b_arcsinh-c_x-^n

12.1 Problem number 55

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\pi + c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^4 \pi} + \frac{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c^4 \pi^2} \\ & + \frac{2bx\sqrt{\pi}}{15c^3} - \frac{bx^3\sqrt{\pi}}{45c} - \frac{bcx^5\sqrt{\pi}}{25} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & a \left(\frac{x^2(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5\pi c^2} - \frac{2(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15\pi c^4} \right) \\ & + \frac{b\sqrt{\pi} \left(45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6 + 60 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 - 9c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 - 5c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{225c^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

12.2 Problem number 57

$$\int x \sqrt{\pi + c^2 \pi x^2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^2 \pi} - \frac{bx \sqrt{\pi}}{3c} - \frac{bc x^3 \sqrt{\pi}}{9}$$

command

```
int(x*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3\pi c^2} \\ & + \frac{b\sqrt{\pi} \left(3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 + 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 - c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - 3cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{9c^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

12.3 Problem number 63

$$\int x^3 (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x}{35c^3} - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^3}{105c} - \frac{8bc\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^5}{175} - \frac{bc^3\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^7}{49} \\ & - \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c^4\pi} + \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{7c^4\pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & a \left(\frac{x^2(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7\pi c^2} - \frac{2(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35\pi c^4} \right) \\ & + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(525 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^8 x^8 + 1365 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6 - 75c^7 x^7 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 945 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 - 168c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{3675c^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

12.4 Problem number 64

$$\int x^2 (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{32c} - \frac{7bc\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^4}{96} - \frac{bc^3\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^6}{36} + \frac{x^3(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6} \\ & - \frac{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{32b c^3} + \frac{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{16c^2} \\ & + \frac{\pi x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{ax(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6\pi c^2} - \frac{ax(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24c^2} - \frac{a\pi x \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{16c^2} \\ & - \frac{a\pi^2 \ln\left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}\right)}{16c^2 \sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^5}{6} \\ & - \frac{b c^3 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^6}{36} + \frac{7b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3}{24} - \frac{7bc\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4}{96} \\ & + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{16c^2} - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2}{32c} - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{32c^3} + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}}{72c^3} \end{aligned}$$

12.5 Problem number 65

$$\int x(\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x}{5c} - \frac{2bc\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3}{15} - \frac{b c^3 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^5}{25} + \frac{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c^2 \pi}$$

command

```
int(x*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5\pi c^2} \\ & + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} (15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6 + 45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 - 3c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 - 10c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{75c^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

12.6 Problem number 66

$$\int (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5bc\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{16} - \frac{b c^3 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4}{16} + \frac{x(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4} \\ & + \frac{3\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{16bc} + \frac{3\pi x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2\pi x^2 + \pi}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} a}{4} + \frac{3a\pi x \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{8} + \frac{3a\pi^2 \ln\left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi c^2}} \\ & + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{4} - \frac{b c^3 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4}{16} \\ & + \frac{5b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{8} - \frac{5bc\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2}{16} + \frac{3b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{16c} - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} \end{aligned}$$

12.7 Problem number 71

$$\int x^3 (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x}{63c^3} - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3}{189c} - \frac{bc\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x^5}{21} - \frac{19b c^3 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^7}{441} - \frac{b c^5 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^9}{81} \\ & - \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{7c^4\pi} + \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{9}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{9c^4\pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$a \left(\frac{x^2 (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9\pi c^2} - \frac{2(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63\pi c^4} \right) \\ + \frac{b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} (441 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^{10} x^{10} + 1638 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^8 x^8 - 49c^9 x^9 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 2142 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6 - 171c^7 x^7 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$$

12.8 Problem number 72

$$\int x^2 (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{5b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2}{256c} - \frac{59bc \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4}{768} - \frac{17b c^3 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^6}{288} - \frac{b c^5 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^8}{64} + \frac{5\pi x^3 (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{48} \\ + \frac{x^3 (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8} - \frac{5\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{256b c^3} \\ + \frac{5\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{128c^2} + \frac{5\pi^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{64}$$

command

```
int(x^2*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{ax (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8\pi c^2} - \frac{ax (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{48c^2} - \frac{5a\pi x (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{192c^2} - \frac{5a \pi^2 x \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{128c^2} \\ - \frac{5a \pi^3 \ln \left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi} \right)}{128c^2 \sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \frac{b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^7}{8} - \frac{b c^5 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^8}{64} \\ + \frac{17b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^5}{48} - \frac{17b c^3 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^6}{288} + \frac{59b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3}{192} \\ - \frac{59bc \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4}{768} + \frac{5b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{128c^2} - \frac{5b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2}{256c} - \frac{5b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{256c^3} + \frac{b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}}}{72c^3}$$

12.9 Problem number 73

$$\int x(\pi + c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x}{7c} - \frac{bc \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3}{7} - \frac{3b c^3 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^5}{35} - \frac{b c^5 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^7}{49} + \frac{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{7c^2 \pi}$$

command

```
int(x*(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$+\frac{\frac{a(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7\pi c^2} + \frac{b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} (35 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^8 x^8 + 140 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6 - 5c^7 x^7 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 210 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 - 21c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{245c^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}}{}$$

12.10 Problem number 74

$$\int (\pi + c^2\pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{25bc \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2}{96} - \frac{5b c^3 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4}{96} - \frac{b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{36c} + \frac{5\pi x (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{24} \\ + \frac{x (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6} + \frac{5\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{32bc} \\ + \frac{5\pi^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{16}$$

command

```
int((Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x)),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} a}{6} + \frac{5a\pi x(\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{5a\pi^2 x \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{16} \\ & + \frac{5a\pi^3 \ln\left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}\right)}{16\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \frac{b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^5}{6} \\ & - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^5 x^6}{36} + \frac{13b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3}{24} - \frac{13b c^3 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^4}{96} \\ & + \frac{11b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{16} - \frac{11bc\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2}{32} + \frac{5b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{32c} - \frac{17b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}}{72c} \end{aligned}$$

12.11 Problem number 80

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{\pi + c^2 \pi x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{8bx}{15c^5\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{4bx^3}{45c^3\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{bx^5}{25c\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{8(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{15c^6\pi} \\ & - \frac{4x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{15c^4\pi} + \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{5c^2\pi} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^5*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))/(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & a \left(\frac{x^4 \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{5\pi c^2} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{3\pi c^2} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{3\pi c^4} \right)}{5c^2} \right) \\ & + \frac{b \left(45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6 - 15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 - 9c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 60 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 + 20c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 12 \right)}{225c^6 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

12.12 Problem number 81

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{\pi + c^2 \pi x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3b x^2}{16c^3 \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{b x^4}{16c \sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{16b c^5 \sqrt{\pi}} \\ & - \frac{3x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{8c^4 \pi} + \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{4c^2 \pi} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))/(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{ax^3 \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{4\pi c^2} - \frac{3ax \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{8c^4 \pi} + \frac{3a \ln \left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi} \right)}{8c^4 \sqrt{\pi c^2}} \\ & + \frac{b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3}{4c^2 \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{b x^4}{16c \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{8c^4 \sqrt{\pi}} \\ & + \frac{3b x^2}{16c^3 \sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{3b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{16c^5 \sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{3b}{16c^5 \sqrt{\pi}} \end{aligned}$$

12.13 Problem number 82

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))}{\sqrt{\pi + c^2 \pi x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2bx}{3c^3 \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{b x^3}{9c \sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{3c^4 \pi} + \frac{x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{3c^2 \pi} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))/(Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$a \left(\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{3\pi c^2} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{3\pi c^4} \right) \\ + \frac{b \left(3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4 - 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 - c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 6cx \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{9c^4 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

12.14 Problem number 198

$$\int x^4 (d + c^2 dx^2) (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{304b^2 dx}{3675c^4} - \frac{152b^2 d x^3}{11025c^2} + \frac{38b^2 d x^5}{6125} + \frac{2b^2 c^2 d x^7}{343} \\ - \frac{2bd(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{21c^5} + \frac{4bd(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{35c^5} \\ - \frac{2bd(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{49c^5} + \frac{2dx^5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{35} \\ + \frac{dx^5(c^2 x^2 + 1)(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{7} - \frac{32bd(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{525c^5} \\ + \frac{16bdx^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{525c^3} - \frac{4bdx^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{175c}$$

command

```
int(x^4*(c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 (c^2 d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$da^2 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^7 x^7 + \frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 \right) + db^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{7} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{35} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{35} \right)$$

12.15 Problem number 199

$$\int x^3(d + c^2 dx^2) (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{b^2 d x^2}{24 c^2} + \frac{b^2 d x^4}{72} + \frac{b^2 c^2 d x^6}{108} - \frac{d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{24 c^4} + \frac{d x^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{12} \\ & + \frac{d x^4(c^2 x^2 + 1)(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{6} + \frac{bdx(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{12 c^3} \\ & - \frac{bd x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{18 c} - \frac{bcd x^5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{18} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3(c^2 d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$da^2\left(\frac{1}{6}c^6x^6 + \frac{1}{4}c^4x^4\right) + db^2\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^2 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{6} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{12} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) cx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) cx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18}\right)$$

12.16 Problem number 200

$$\int x^2(d + c^2 dx^2) (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{52 b^2 dx}{225 c^2} + \frac{26 b^2 d x^3}{675} + \frac{2 b^2 c^2 d x^5}{125} + \frac{2 b d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{15 c^3} \\ & - \frac{2 b d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{25 c^3} + \frac{2 d x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{15} \\ & + \frac{d x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{5} + \frac{8 b d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{45 c^3} \\ & - \frac{4 b d x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{45 c} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(x^2*(c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2(c^2d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$da^2\left(\frac{1}{5}c^5x^5 + \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\right) + db^2\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 cx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{5} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 cx}{15} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 cx (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{15} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{25} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 cx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{16}\right)$$

12.17 Problem number 201

$$\int x(d + c^2 dx^2) (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5b^2 d x^2}{32} + \frac{b^2 c^2 d x^4}{32} - \frac{bdx(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8c} - \frac{3d(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{32c^2} \\ & + \frac{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3bdx(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{16c} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(x*(c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x(c^2 d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$da^2\left(\frac{1}{4}c^4x^4 + \frac{1}{2}c^2x^2\right) + db^2\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) cx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx}{16} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{32} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16}\right)$$

12.18 Problem number 202

$$\int (d + c^2 dx^2) (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{14b^2 dx}{9} + \frac{2b^2 c^2 d x^3}{27} - \frac{2bd(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{9c} + \frac{2dx(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3} \\ & + \frac{dx(c^2 x^2 + 1)(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3} - \frac{4bd(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((c^2*d*x^2+d)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (c^2 d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{da^2(\frac{1}{3}c^3x^3 + cx) + db^2\left(\frac{2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx(c^2x^2+1)}{3} - \frac{4\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{3} + \frac{40cx}{27} - \frac{2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)(c^2x^2+1)}{9}\right)}{c}$$

12.19 Problem number 207

$$\int x^4 (d + c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4208b^2 d^2 x}{99225c^4} - \frac{2104b^2 d^2 x^3}{297675c^2} + \frac{526b^2 d^2 x^5}{165375} + \frac{212b^2 c^2 d^2 x^7}{27783} + \frac{2b^2 c^4 d^2 x^9}{729} \\ & - \frac{8b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{189c^5} + \frac{2b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{315c^5} \\ & + \frac{20b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{441c^5} - \frac{2b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{9}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{81c^5} \\ & + \frac{8d^2 x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{315} + \frac{4d^2 x^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{63} \\ & + \frac{d^2 x^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{9} - \frac{128b d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4725c^5} \\ & + \frac{64b d^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4725c^3} - \frac{16b d^2 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{1575c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \, dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{9} c^9 x^9 + \frac{2}{7} c^7 x^7 + \frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 \right) + d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c^3 x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{9} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{21} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c x}{315} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c}{105} \right)$$

12.20 Problem number 208

$$\int x^3 (d + c^2 d x^2)^2 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(c x))^2 \, dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{73 b^2 d^2 x^2}{3072 c^2} + \frac{73 b^2 d^2 x^4}{9216} + \frac{43 b^2 c^2 d^2 x^6}{3456} + \frac{b^2 c^4 d^2 x^8}{256} \\ & - \frac{b c d^2 x^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))}{32} - \frac{73 d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{3072 c^4} \\ & + \frac{d^2 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{24} + \frac{d^2 x^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{12} \\ & + \frac{d^2 x^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{8} + \frac{73 b d^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{1536 c^3} \\ & - \frac{73 b d^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2304 c} - \frac{25 b c d^2 x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{576} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \, dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{8} c^8 x^8 + \frac{1}{3} c^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 \right) + d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c^2 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{8} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{24} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32} + \frac{11 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}{10} \right)$$

12.21 Problem number 209

$$\int x^2(d + c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1636b^2d^2x}{11025c^2} + \frac{818b^2d^2x^3}{33075} + \frac{136b^2c^2d^2x^5}{6125} + \frac{2b^2c^4d^2x^7}{343} \\ & + \frac{8bd^2(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{105c^3} + \frac{2bd^2(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{175c^3} \\ & - \frac{2bd^2(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{49c^3} + \frac{8d^2x^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{105} \\ & + \frac{4d^2x^3(c^2x^2+1)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{35} + \frac{d^2x^3(c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{7} \\ & + \frac{32bd^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{315c^3} - \frac{16bd^2x^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{315c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2(c^2dx^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^2a^2\left(\frac{1}{7}c^7x^7 + \frac{2}{5}c^5x^5 + \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\right) + d^2b^2\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx(c^2x^2+1)^3}{7} - \frac{8\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx}{105} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx(c^2x^2+1)^2}{35} - \frac{4\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx}{105}\right)$$

12.22 Problem number 210

$$\int x(d + c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{25b^2d^2x^2}{288} + \frac{5b^2c^2d^2x^4}{288} + \frac{b^2d^2(c^2x^2+1)^3}{108c^2} - \frac{5bd^2x(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{72c} \\ & - \frac{bd^2x(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{18c} - \frac{5d^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{96c^2} \\ & + \frac{d^2(c^2x^2+1)^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{6c^2} - \frac{5bd^2x(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{48c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x(c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{6} c^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{2} c^4 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \right) + d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{6} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{18} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{72} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{144} \right)$$

12.23 Problem number 211

$$\int (d + c^2 dx^2)^2 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{298 b^2 d^2 x}{225} + \frac{76 b^2 c^2 d^2 x^3}{675} + \frac{2 b^2 c^4 d^2 x^5}{125} - \frac{8 b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{45 c} \\ & - \frac{2 b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{25 c} + \frac{8 d^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{15} \\ & + \frac{4 d^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{15} + \frac{d^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{5} \\ & - \frac{16 b d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((c^2*d*x^2+d)^2*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (c^2 d x^2 + d)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^2 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} c^3 x^3 + c x \right) + d^2 b^2 \left(\frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x}{15} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{5} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{15} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15} \right)$$

12.24 Problem number 216

$$\int x^4 (d + c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{100976b^2d^3x}{4002075c^4} - \frac{50488b^2d^3x^3}{12006225c^2} + \frac{12622b^2d^3x^5}{6670125} + \frac{9410b^2c^2d^3x^7}{1120581} \\ & + \frac{182b^2c^4d^3x^9}{29403} + \frac{2b^2c^6d^3x^{11}}{1331} - \frac{16b d^3(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{693c^5} \\ & + \frac{4b d^3(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{1155c^5} - \frac{2b d^3(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{1617c^5} \\ & + \frac{8b d^3(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{9}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{297c^5} - \frac{2b d^3(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{11}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{121c^5} \\ & + \frac{16d^3x^5(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{1155} + \frac{8d^3x^5(c^2x^2+1)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{231} \\ & + \frac{2d^3x^5(c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{33} + \frac{d^3x^5(c^2x^2+1)^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{11} \\ & - \frac{256b d^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{17325c^5} + \frac{128b d^3x^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{17325c^3} \\ & - \frac{32b d^3x^4(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{5775c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{11} c^{11} x^{11} + \frac{1}{3} c^9 x^9 + \frac{3}{7} c^7 x^7 + \frac{1}{5} c^5 x^5\right) + d^3 b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c^3 x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^4}{11} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^4}{33} + \frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 c x}{1155}\right)$$

12.25 Problem number 217

$$\int x^3 (d + c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{79b^2 d^3 x^2}{5120c^2} + \frac{79b^2 d^3 x^4}{15360} + \frac{401b^2 c^2 d^3 x^6}{28800} + \frac{57b^2 c^4 d^3 x^8}{6400} + \frac{b^2 c^6 d^3 x^{10}}{500} \\ & - \frac{bc d^3 x^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{32} - \frac{bc d^3 x^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{50} \\ & - \frac{79d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{5120c^4} + \frac{d^3 x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{40} \\ & + \frac{d^3 x^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{20} + \frac{3d^3 x^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{40} \\ & + \frac{d^3 x^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{10} + \frac{79b d^3 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2560c^3} \\ & - \frac{79b d^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3840c} - \frac{31bc d^3 x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{960} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{10} c^{10} x^{10} + \frac{3}{8} c^8 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} c^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{4} c^4 x^4 \right) + d^3 b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^2 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^4}{10} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^4}{40} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{50} \right)$$

12.26 Problem number 218

$$\int x^2 (d + c^2 dx^2)^3 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{10516b^2d^3x}{99225c^2} + \frac{5258b^2d^3x^3}{297675} + \frac{4198b^2c^2d^3x^5}{165375} + \frac{374b^2c^4d^3x^7}{27783} + \frac{2b^2c^6d^3x^9}{729} \\
& + \frac{16b d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{315c^3} + \frac{4b d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{525c^3} \\
& + \frac{2b d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{441c^3} - \frac{2b d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{9}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{81c^3} \\
& + \frac{16d^3x^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{315} + \frac{8d^3x^3(c^2x^2 + 1)(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{105} \\
& + \frac{2d^3x^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{21} + \frac{d^3x^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{9} \\
& + \frac{64b d^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{945c^3} - \frac{32b d^3x^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{945c}
\end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2(c^2d x^2 + d)^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^3a^2\left(\frac{1}{9}c^9x^9 + \frac{3}{7}c^7x^7 + \frac{3}{5}c^5x^5 + \frac{1}{3}c^3x^3\right) + d^3b^2\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx(c^2x^2+1)^4}{9} - \frac{16\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx}{315} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx(c^2x^2+1)^3}{63} - \frac{2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2cx(c^2x^2+1)^2}{21}\right)$$

12.27 Problem number 219

$$\int x(d + c^2dx^2)^3(a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{175b^2d^3x^2}{3072} + \frac{35b^2c^2d^3x^4}{3072} + \frac{7b^2d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^3}{1152c^2} + \frac{b^2d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^4}{256c^2} \\
& - \frac{35b d^3x(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{768c} - \frac{7b d^3x(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{192c} \\
& - \frac{b d^3x(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}}(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{32c} - \frac{35d^3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{1024c^2} \\
& + \frac{d^3(c^2x^2 + 1)^4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{8c^2} - \frac{35b d^3x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{512c}
\end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x*(c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x(c^2 d x^2 + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{8} c^8 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} c^6 x^6 + \frac{3}{4} c^4 x^4 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 x^2 \right) + d^3 b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^4}{8} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32} - \frac{7 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{192} \right)$$

12.28 Problem number 220

$$\int (d + c^2 d x^2)^3 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4322 b^2 d^3 x}{3675} + \frac{1514 b^2 c^2 d^3 x^3}{11025} + \frac{234 b^2 c^4 d^3 x^5}{6125} + \frac{2 b^2 c^6 d^3 x^7}{343} \\ & - \frac{16 b d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{105 c} - \frac{12 b d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{175 c} \\ & - \frac{2 b d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{49 c} + \frac{16 d^3 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{35} \\ & + \frac{8 d^3 x (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{35} + \frac{6 d^3 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{35} \\ & + \frac{d^3 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{7} - \frac{32 b d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{35 c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((c^2*d*x^2+d)^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (c^2 d x^2 + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$d^3 a^2 \left(\frac{1}{7} c^7 x^7 + \frac{3}{5} c^5 x^5 + c^3 x^3 + c x \right) + d^3 b^2 \left(\frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x}{35} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{7} + \frac{6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{35} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{35} \right)$$

12.29 Problem number 252

$$\int (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{5/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{65b^2\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1728} + \frac{b^2\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x(c^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{108} - \frac{115b^2\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{1152c} \\ & - \frac{5bc\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{16} - \frac{5b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}(c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{48c} \\ & - \frac{b\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}(c^2x^2+1)^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{18c} + \frac{5\pi x(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{24} \\ & + \frac{x(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{6} + \frac{5\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3}{48bc} \\ & + \frac{245b^2\pi^{\frac{5}{2}}x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{1152} + \frac{5\pi^2x(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}}{16} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(5/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^2 x (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5 a^2 \pi x (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{24} + \frac{5 a^2 \pi^2 x \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{16} \\ & + \frac{5 a^2 \pi^3 \ln \left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi} \right)}{16 \sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^5}{6} \\ & - \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^6}{18} + \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^4 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{108} \\ & + \frac{13 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^3}{24} - \frac{13 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^4}{48} \\ & + \frac{97 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{1728} + \frac{11 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{16} \\ & - \frac{11 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^2}{16} + \frac{299 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{1152} + \frac{5 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{48 c} \\ & - \frac{299 b^2 \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{1152 c} + \frac{a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^5}{3} \\ & - \frac{a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^5 x^6}{18} + \frac{13 a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{12} - \frac{13 a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c^3 x^4}{48} \\ & + \frac{11 a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{8} - \frac{11 a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} c x^2}{16} + \frac{5 a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{16 c} - \frac{17 a b \pi^{\frac{5}{2}}}{36 c} \end{aligned}$$

12.30 Problem number 253

$$\int (\pi + c^2 \pi x^2)^{3/2} (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32} - \frac{9 b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{64 c} - \frac{3 b c \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8} \\ & - \frac{b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8 c} + \frac{x (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4} \\ & + \frac{\pi^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3}{8 b c} + \frac{15 b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{64} + \frac{3 \pi x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((Pi*c^2*x^2+Pi)^(3/2)*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^2 x (\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3 a^2 \pi x \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi}}{8} + \frac{3 a^2 \pi^2 \ln \left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{\pi c^2}} + \sqrt{\pi c^2 x^2 + \pi} \right)}{8 \sqrt{\pi c^2}} \\ & + \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3}{4} - \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^4}{8} \\ & + \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} + \frac{5 b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{8} \\ & - \frac{5 b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^2}{8} + \frac{17 b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{64} + \frac{b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{8 c} \\ & - \frac{17 b^2 \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{64 c} + \frac{a b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3}{2} - \frac{a b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 x^4}{8} \\ & + \frac{5 a b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{4} - \frac{5 a b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} c x^2}{8} + \frac{3 a b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{8 c} - \frac{a b \pi^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2 c} \end{aligned}$$

12.31 Problem number 282

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{15 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{64a^5} + \frac{3x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{8a^3} - \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{8a} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{8a^5} - \frac{15x \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{64a^4} \\ & + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{32a^2} - \frac{3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{8a^4} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{4a^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(x^4*arcsinh(a*x)^2/(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} a^3 x^3 - 8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) x^4 a^4 + 2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} x^3 a^3 - 24 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} ax + 2 a^5}{64a^5}$$

12.32 Problem number 283

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{27a^4} + \frac{4x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{3a^3} - \frac{2x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9a} - \frac{14 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{9a^4} \\ & - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{3a^4} + \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{3a^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int(x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^2/(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 x^4 a^4 - 9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 - 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} a^3 x^3 + 2x^4 a^4 - 38a^2 x^2 - 18 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{27a^4 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}$$

12.33 Problem number 328

$$\int (c + a^2 cx^2)^3 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{30256c^3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{385875a} - \frac{2664c^3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{214375a} - \frac{6c^3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2401a} + \frac{4322c^3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{1225} \\ & + \frac{1514a^2c^3x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{3675} + \frac{702a^4c^3x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{6125} + \frac{6a^6c^3x^7 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{343} \\ & - \frac{8c^3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{35a} - \frac{18c^3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{175a} \\ & - \frac{3c^3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{49a} + \frac{16c^3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{35} + \frac{8c^3x(a^2x^2+1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{35} \\ & + \frac{6c^3x(a^2x^2+1)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{35} + \frac{c^3x(a^2x^2+1)^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{7} \\ & - \frac{413312c^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{128625a} - \frac{48c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{35a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((a^2*c*x^2+c)^3*arcsinh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (a^2cx^2 + c)^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$c^3 \left(1929375 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 a^7 x^7 - 826875 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} a^6 x^6 + 8103375 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 a^5 x^5 + 236250 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^5 a^4 x^4 - 413312c^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} - 48c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \right)$$

12.34 Problem number 329

$$\int (c + a^2 cx^2)^2 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{272c^2(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3375a} - \frac{6c^2(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{625a} + \frac{298c^2x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{75} \\ & + \frac{76a^2c^2x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{225} + \frac{6a^4c^2x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{125} - \frac{4c^2(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{15a} \\ & - \frac{3c^2(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{25a} + \frac{8c^2x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{15} + \frac{4c^2x(a^2x^2+1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{15} \\ & + \frac{c^2x(a^2x^2+1)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{5} - \frac{4144c^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{1125a} - \frac{8c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{5a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((a^2*c*x^2+c)^2*arcsinh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (a^2 c x^2 + c)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$c^2 \left(3375 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 a^5 x^5 - 2025 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^4 x^4 + 11250 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 a^3 x^3 + 810 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) a^5 \right)$$

12.35 Problem number 330

$$\int (c + a^2 c x^2) \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2c(a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{27a} + \frac{14cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{3} + \frac{2a^2 c x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9} \\ & - \frac{c(a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{3a} + \frac{2cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{3} \\ & + \frac{cx(a^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{3} - \frac{40c \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9a} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((a^2*c*x^2+c)*arcsinh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (a^2 c x^2 + c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$c \left(9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 a^3 x^3 - 9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 x^2 + 27 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 a x + 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) a^3 x^3 - 63 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) a^5 \right)$$

12.36 Problem number 342

$$\int \frac{x^4 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{45x^2}{128a^3} - \frac{3x^4}{128a} + \frac{45 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{128a^5} + \frac{9x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{16a^3} - \frac{3x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{16a} \\ & + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^4}{32a^5} - \frac{45x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{64a^4} + \frac{3x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{32a^2} \\ & - \frac{3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{8a^4} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{4a^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*arcsinh(a*x)^3/(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$32 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} a^3x^3 - 24 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 x^4 a^4 + 12 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} a^3x^3 - 3x^4 a^4 - 48 \operatorname{arcsinh}$$

12.37 Problem number 343

$$\int \frac{x^3 \sinh^{-1}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{40x}{9a^3} - \frac{2x^3}{27a} + \frac{2x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{a^3} - \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{3a} - \frac{40 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{9a^4} \\ & + \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{9a^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{3a^4} + \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{3a^2} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^3/(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 x^4 a^4 - 9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 x^2 a^2 - 9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^3 x^3 + 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) x^4 a^4 - 114 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^5 x^2 a^2}{27 a^4}$$

13 Test file number 188

Test folder name:

`test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.1_Inverse_hyperbolic_sine/188_7.1.5_Inverse_hyper`

13.1 Problem number 12

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + b \sinh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2b^2 d^3 x - \frac{4b^2 d e^2 x}{3c^2} + \frac{3b^2 d^2 e x^2}{4} - \frac{3b^2 e^3 x^2}{32c^2} + \frac{2b^2 d e^2 x^3}{9} + \frac{b^2 e^3 x^4}{32} - \frac{d^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4e}}{} \\ & + \frac{3d^2 e (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3e^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{32c^4} + \frac{(ex + d)^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4e} \\ & - \frac{2b d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c} + \frac{4bd e^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^3} \\ & - \frac{3b d^2 e x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2c} + \frac{3b e^3 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{16c^3} \\ & - \frac{2bd e^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c} - \frac{b e^3 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{8c} \end{aligned}$$

command

`int((e*x+d)^3*(a+b*arcsinh(c*x))^2,x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (ex + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(ce x + cd)^4 a^2}{4c^3 e} + \frac{b^2 \left(c^3 d^3 \left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c x - 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 2 c x \right) + \frac{3c^2 d^2 e \left(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^2 x^2 - 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c x + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^4 \right)}{4} \right)}{} \end{aligned}$$

13.2 Problem number 67

$$\int x^3 \sinh^{-1}(a + bx)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4ax}{3b^3} - \frac{2a^3x}{b^3} - \frac{3(bx+a)^2}{32b^4} + \frac{3a^2(bx+a)^2}{4b^4} - \frac{2a(bx+a)^3}{9b^4} + \frac{(bx+a)^4}{32b^4} \\ & - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{32b^4} + \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{4b^4} - \frac{a^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{4b^4} \\ & + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{4} - \frac{4a \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{3b^4} \\ & + \frac{2a^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{b^4} + \frac{3(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{16b^4} \\ & - \frac{3a^2(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{2b^4} \\ & + \frac{2a(bx+a)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{3b^4} \\ & - \frac{(bx+a)^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{8b^4} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arcsinh(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$-a^3 \left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 (bx+a) - 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2} + 2bx + 2a \right) + \frac{3a^2 \left(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 (bx+a)^2 - 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) (bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2} \right)}{b^4}$$

13.3 Problem number 68

$$\int x^2 \sinh^{-1}(a + bx)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4x}{9b^2} + \frac{2a^2x}{b^2} - \frac{a(bx+a)^2}{2b^3} + \frac{2(bx+a)^3}{27b^3} - \frac{a \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{2b^3} \\ & + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{3b^3} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{3} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{9b^3} \\ & - \frac{2a^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{b^3} + \frac{a(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{b^3} \\ & - \frac{2(bx+a)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{9b^3} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arcsinh(b*x+a)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$-\frac{a \left(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 (bx+a)^2 - 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2} (bx+a) + \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 + (bx+a)^2 + 1 \right)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 (bx+a)}{3} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{9}$$

13.4 Problem number 75

$$\int x^2 \sinh^{-1}(a + bx)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{2(1+(bx+a)^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{27b^3} - \frac{3a \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)}{4b^3} - \frac{4(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)}{3b^3} \\
& + \frac{6a^2(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)}{b^3} - \frac{3a(bx+a)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)}{2b^3} \\
& + \frac{2(bx+a)^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)}{9b^3} - \frac{a \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{2b^3} \\
& + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{3b^3} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{3} + \frac{14\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{9b^3} \\
& - \frac{6a^2\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{b^3} + \frac{3a(bx+a)\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{4b^3} \\
& + \frac{2\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{3b^3} - \frac{3a^2\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{b^3} \\
& + \frac{3a(bx+a)\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{2b^3} \\
& - \frac{(bx+a)^2\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{3b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arcsinh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$-\frac{a \left(4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3(bx+a)^2 - 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2} (bx+a) + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3 + 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2 - 3(bx+a) \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2} \right)}{4}$$

13.5 Problem number 266

$$\int (1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2)^{3/2} \sinh^{-1}(a + bx)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{51(bx+a)^2}{128b} - \frac{3(bx+a)^4}{128b} + \frac{3(bx+a) \left(1 + (bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)}{32b} \\ & - \frac{27 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{128b} - \frac{9(bx+a)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{16b} \\ & - \frac{3 \left(1 + (bx+a)^2\right)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{16b} + \frac{(bx+a) \left(1 + (bx+a)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{4b} \\ & + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^4}{32b} + \frac{45(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \sqrt{1 + (bx+a)^2}}{64b} \\ & + \frac{3(bx+a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3 \sqrt{1 + (bx+a)^2}}{8b} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*x+a)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$-48 - 102abx + 80\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3 xb - 240 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 x ab + 102\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3$$

14 Test file number 189

Test folder name:

```
test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.2_Inverse_hyperbolic_cosine/189_7.2.2-
d_x-^m-a+b_arccosh-c_x-^n
```

14.1 Problem number 12

$$\int x^4 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16x}{75a^4} + \frac{8x^3}{225a^2} + \frac{2x^5}{125} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{75a^5} \\ & - \frac{8x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{75a^3} - \frac{2x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*arccosh(a*x)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{16 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{75} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) a^4 x^4 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{75} \end{aligned}$$

14.2 Problem number 14

$$\int x^2 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4x}{9a^2} + \frac{2x^3}{27} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a^3} \\ & - \frac{2x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arccosh(a*x)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3} - \frac{4 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{9} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^2 x^2}{9} + \frac{4ax}{9} + \frac{2x^3 a^3}{27} \end{aligned}$$

14.3 Problem number 22

$$\int x^4 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{25a^4} + \frac{8x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{75a^2} + \frac{6x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{125} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{5} \\ & - \frac{4144\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{5625a^5} - \frac{272x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{5625a^3} \\ & - \frac{6x^4\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{625a} - \frac{8\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{25a^5} \\ & - \frac{4x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{25a^3} - \frac{3x^4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{25a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*arccosh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{5} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^4 x^4 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25} \end{aligned}$$

14.4 Problem number 23

$$\int x^3 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{45 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{256a^4} + \frac{9x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{32a^2} + \frac{3x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{32a^4} \\ & + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{4} - \frac{45x \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{256a^3} - \frac{3x^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{128a} \\ & - \frac{9x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{32a^3} - \frac{3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{16a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arccosh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\frac{a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^3 x^3}{16} - \frac{9 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a x \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{32} + \frac{3 a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{32}}{a^4}$$

14.5 Problem number 24

$$\int x^2 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3a^2} + \frac{2x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3} \\ & - \frac{40\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{27a^3} - \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{27a} \\ & - \frac{2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{3a^3} - \frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{3a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arccosh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^2 x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{3} + \frac{4 a x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3} - \frac{40 \sqrt{ax-1}}{2}}{a^3}$$

14.6 Problem number 32

$$\int x^5 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{245x^2}{1152a^4} + \frac{65x^4}{3456a^2} + \frac{x^6}{324} - \frac{245\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{1152a^6} + \frac{5x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{16a^4} \\ & + \frac{5x^4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{48a^2} + \frac{x^6\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{18} - \frac{5\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{96a^6} + \frac{x^6\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{6} \\ & - \frac{245x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{576a^5} - \frac{65x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{864a^3} \\ & - \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{54a} - \frac{5x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{24a^5} \\ & - \frac{5x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{36a^3} - \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^5*arccosh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{a^6 x^6 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{6} - \frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^3 x^3}{36} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1}}{24} \sqrt{ax+1}$$

14.7 Problem number 33

$$\int x^4 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{16576x}{5625a^4} + \frac{1088x^3}{16875a^2} + \frac{24x^5}{3125} + \frac{32x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{25a^4} \\ & + \frac{16x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{75a^2} + \frac{12x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{125} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{5} \\ & - \frac{16576 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{5625a^5} - \frac{1088x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{5625a^3} \\ & - \frac{24x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{625a} - \frac{32 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{75a^5} \\ & - \frac{16x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{75a^3} - \frac{4x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^4*arccosh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{a^5 x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{5} - \frac{32 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{75} - \frac{4 a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{25} - \frac{16 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 a^2 x^2 \sqrt{ax-1}}{75}$$

14.8 Problem number 34

$$\int x^3 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{45x^2}{128a^2} + \frac{3x^4}{128} - \frac{45\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{128a^4} + \frac{9x^2\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{16a^2} + \frac{3x^4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{16} - \frac{3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{32a^4} \\ & + \frac{x^4\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{4} - \frac{45x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{64a^3} - \frac{3x^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{32a} \\ & - \frac{3x\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{8a^3} - \frac{x^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arccosh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^3 x^3}{4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a x}{8} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{32} + \frac{3 a^4 x^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{16}$$

14.9 Problem number 35

$$\int x^2 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^4 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{160x}{27a^2} + \frac{8x^3}{81} + \frac{8x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3a^2} + \frac{4x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{9} + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{3} \\ & - \frac{160 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{27a^3} - \frac{8x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{27a} \\ & - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a^3} - \frac{4x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arccosh(a*x)^4,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^4}{3} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9} - \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 a^2 x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9} + \frac{8 a x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{3} - \frac{160 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{a^3} \end{aligned}$$

15 Test file number 190

Test folder name:

```
test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.2_Inverse_hyperbolic_cosine/190_7.2.4-
f_x^-m-d+e_x^2-p-a+b_arccosh-c_x^-n
```

15.1 Problem number 164

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^3 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4322 c^3 x}{3675} - \frac{1514 a^2 c^3 x^3}{11025} + \frac{234 a^4 c^3 x^5}{6125} - \frac{2 a^6 c^3 x^7}{343} + \frac{16 c^3 (ax-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ax+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{105 a} \\ & - \frac{12 c^3 (ax-1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ax+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{175 a} + \frac{2 c^3 (ax-1)^{\frac{7}{2}} (ax+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{49 a} \\ & + \frac{16 c^3 x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{35} + \frac{8 c^3 x (-a^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{35} + \frac{6 c^3 x (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{35} \\ & + \frac{c^3 x (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{7} - \frac{32 c^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{35 a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3*arccosh(a*x)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (-a^2 c x^2 + c)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{c^3}{-} \left(55125 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^7 x^7 - 15750 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^6 x^6 - 231525 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^5 x^5 + 73710 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 a^4 x^4 \right)$$

15.2 Problem number 165

$$\int (c - a^2 c x^2)^2 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{298 c^2 x}{225} - \frac{76 a^2 c^2 x^3}{675} + \frac{2 a^4 c^2 x^5}{125} + \frac{8 c^2 (ax-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ax+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{45 a} \\ & - \frac{2 c^2 (ax-1)^{\frac{5}{2}} (ax+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{25 a} + \frac{8 c^2 x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{15} + \frac{4 c^2 x (-a^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{15} \\ & + \frac{c^2 x (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{5} - \frac{16 c^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{15 a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2*arccosh(a*x)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (-a^2 c x^2 + c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{c^2}{-} \left(675 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 a^5 x^5 - 270 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) a^4 x^4 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} - 2250 a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 + 1140 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) a^2 x^2 \right)$$

15.3 Problem number 240

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^3 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4322c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{1225} - \frac{1514a^2c^3x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{3675} + \frac{702a^4c^3x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{6125} \\ & - \frac{6a^6c^3x^7 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{343} + \frac{8c^3(ax-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{35a} \\ & - \frac{18c^3(ax-1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{175a} + \frac{3c^3(ax-1)^{\frac{7}{2}}(ax+1)^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{49a} \\ & + \frac{16c^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{35} + \frac{8c^3x(-a^2x^2+1) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{35} \\ & + \frac{6c^3x(-a^2x^2+1)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{35} + \frac{c^3x(-a^2x^2+1)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{7} \\ & + \frac{7104c^3(-a^2x^2+1)}{42875a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{1184c^3(-a^2x^2+1)^2}{42875a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\ & + \frac{2664c^3(-a^2x^2+1)^3}{214375a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{6c^3(-a^2x^2+1)^4}{2401a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{976c^3\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{315a} \\ & + \frac{16a c^3x^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{315} - \frac{48c^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{35a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^3*arccosh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (-a^2cx^2 + c)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$c^3 \left(1929375 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 a^7 x^7 - 826875 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^6 x^6 - 8103375 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 a^5 x^5 + 386$$

15.4 Problem number 241

$$\int (c - a^2 cx^2)^2 \cosh^{-1}(ax)^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{298c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{75} - \frac{76a^2c^2x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{225} + \frac{6a^4c^2x^5 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{125} \\ & + \frac{4c^2(ax-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{15a} - \frac{3c^2(ax-1)^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2}{25a} \\ & + \frac{8c^2x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{15} + \frac{4c^2x(-a^2x^2+1) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{15} \\ & + \frac{c^2x(-a^2x^2+1)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3}{5} + \frac{16c^2(-a^2x^2+1)}{125a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} \\ & + \frac{8c^2(-a^2x^2+1)^2}{375a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} + \frac{6c^2(-a^2x^2+1)^3}{625a\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}} - \frac{488c^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1}}{135a} \\ & + \frac{8a c^2 x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{135} - \frac{8c^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{5a} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((-a^2*c*x^2+c)^2*arccosh(a*x)^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (-a^2 c x^2 + c)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$c^2 \left(3375 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 a^5 x^5 - 2025 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^4 x^4 - 11250 a^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^3 + 8550 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} a^2 x^2 + 825 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) a x + 135 \right)$$

15.5 Problem number 527

$$\int (d + ex^2) (a + b \cosh^{-1}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & 2b^2 dx + \frac{4b^2 e x}{9c^2} + \frac{2b^2 e x^3}{27} + dx(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 \\ & + \frac{e x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2}{3} - \frac{2bd(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}{c} \\ & - \frac{4be(a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}{9c^3} - \frac{2be x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)) \sqrt{cx-1} \sqrt{cx+1}}{9c} \end{aligned}$$

command`int((e*x^2+d)*(a+b*arccosh(c*x))^2,x)`Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (e x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arccosh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$\frac{\frac{a^2 (\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 e + c^3 d)}{c^2} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{e (9 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} c^2 x^2 - 12 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} + 2 c^3 x^3 + 12 c x)}{27} + c^2 d\right)}{c^2}}$$

16 Test file number 191

Test folder name:

`test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.2_Inverse_hyperbolic_cosine/191_7.2.5_Inverse_hyp`

16.1 Problem number 8

$$\int (d + ex)^3 \cosh^{-1}(cx)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & 2d^3 x + \frac{4d e^2 x}{3c^2} + \frac{3d^2 e x^2}{4} + \frac{3e^3 x^2}{32c^2} + \frac{2d e^2 x^3}{9} + \frac{e^3 x^4}{32} - \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4e} \\ & - \frac{3d^2 e \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3e^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{32c^4} + \frac{(ex + d)^4 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{4e} \\ & - \frac{2d^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{c} - \frac{4d e^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{3c^3} \\ & - \frac{3d^2 e x \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{2c} - \frac{3e^3 x \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{16c^3} \\ & - \frac{2d e^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{3c} - \frac{e^3 x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{8c} \end{aligned}$$

command`int((e*x+d)^3*arccosh(c*x)^2,x)`Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (ex + d)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$72 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^4 x^4 e^3 + 288 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^4 x^3 d e^2 + 432 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^4 x^2 d^2 e + 288 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^4 x d^3 - 36 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^4 d^4$$

16.2 Problem number 9

$$\int (d + ex)^2 \cosh^{-1}(cx)^2 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & 2d^2x + \frac{4e^2x}{9c^2} + \frac{dex^2}{2} + \frac{2e^2x^3}{27} - \frac{d^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{3e} - \frac{de \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{2c^2} + \frac{(ex + d)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2}{3e} \\ & - \frac{2d^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{c} - \frac{4e^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{9c^3} \\ & - \frac{dex \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{c} - \frac{2e^2 x^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1}}{9c} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((e*x+d)^2*arccosh(c*x)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int (ex + d)^2 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

$$18\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 e^2 + 54\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^2 de + 54\operatorname{arccosh}(cx)^2 c^3 x d^2 - 12 \operatorname{arccosh}(cx) \sqrt{cx - 1} \sqrt{cx + 1} c^2 x^2 e$$

17 Test file number 196

Test folder name:

```
test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.3_Inverse_hyperbolic_tangent/196_7.3.6_Exponential
```

17.1 Problem number 394

$$\int e^{2 \tanh^{-1}(ax)} x^2 \sqrt{c - acx} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{10(-acx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a^3c} - \frac{8(-acx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5a^3c^2} + \frac{2(-acx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7a^3c^3} - \frac{4\sqrt{-acx + c}}{a^3}$$

command

```
int((a*x+1)^2/(-a^2*x^2+1)*x^2*(-a*c*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{-acx + c} (15x^3a^3 + 39a^2x^2 + 52ax + 104)}{105a^3}$$

18 Test file number 198

Test folder name:

`test_cases/7_Inverse_hyperbolic_functions/7.4_Inverse_hyperbolic_cotangent/198_7.4.1_Inverse_`

18.1 Problem number 147

$$\int x^4 \coth^{-1}(\tanh(a + bx))^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{b^3 x^8}{280} + \frac{b^2 x^7 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))}{35} - \frac{b x^6 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^2}{10} + \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^3}{5}$$

command

```
int(x^4*arccoth(tanh(b*x+a))^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

18.2 Problem number 148

$$\int x^3 \coth^{-1}(\tanh(a + bx))^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$-\frac{b^3 x^7}{140} + \frac{b^2 x^6 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))}{20} - \frac{3 b x^5 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^2}{20} + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^3}{4}$$

command

```
int(x^3*arccoth(tanh(b*x+a))^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

18.3 Problem number 149

$$\int x^2 \coth^{-1}(\tanh(a + bx))^3 dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^4}{4b} - \frac{x \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^5}{10b^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^6}{60b^3}$$

command

```
int(x^2*arccoth(tanh(b*x+a))^3,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arccoth}(\tanh(bx + a))^3 dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

19 Test file number 209

Test folder name:

test_cases/209_Blake_problems

19.1 Problem number 209

$$\int x^5 \sqrt[3]{1 + x^3} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{(x^3 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} (4x^6 + x^3 - 3)}{28}$$

command

```
int(x^5*(x^3+1)^(1/3),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{\text{hypergeom}([-\frac{1}{3}, 2], [3], -x^3)x^6}{6}$	17
risch	$\frac{(x^3+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(4x^6+x^3-3)}{28}$	20
trager	$(\frac{1}{7}x^6 + \frac{1}{28}x^3 - \frac{3}{28})(x^3+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	21
gosper	$\frac{(1+x)(x^2-x+1)(4x^3-3)(x^3+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{28}$	28

19.2 Problem number 759

$$\int x^2 \sqrt[4]{x^2 + x^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{(4x^3 + x)(x^4 + x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{16} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{32}$$

command

```
int(x^2*(x^4+x^2)^(1/4),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int x^2(x^4 + x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}} \text{hypergeom}([-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{4}], [\frac{11}{4}], -x^2)}{7}$
trager	$\frac{x(4x^2+1)(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{16} - \frac{3 \ln\left(\frac{2(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}+2\sqrt{x^4+x^2}}{x} x+2x^2(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}+2x^3+x\right)}{64} - \frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x^4+x^2}}{(x^2+1)^2}\right)}{64}$
risch	$\frac{x(4x^2+1)(x^2(x^2+1))^{\frac{1}{4}}}{16} + \left(\frac{3 \ln\left(\frac{2x^6+2(x^8+3x^6+3x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}x^4+2\sqrt{x^8+3x^6+3x^4+x^2}}{x^2+5x^4+2(x^8+3x^6+3x^4+x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}+4(x^2+1)^2}\right)}{64} \right)$

19.3 Problem number 1554

$$\int \frac{(-2 + x^2) \sqrt[3]{x + x^3}}{x^2 (4 - 2x^2 + x^4)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

```
int((x^2-2)*(x^3+x)^(1/3)/x^2/(x^4-2*x^2+4),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(x^2 - 2) (x^3 + x)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^2 (x^4 - 2x^2 + 4)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	2048
risch	Expression too large to display	7003

19.4 Problem number 1669

$$\int \frac{(1 + x^3)^{2/3} (2 + x^3) (4 + 3x^3)}{x^6 (4 + 2x^3 + x^6)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

```
int((x^3+1)^(2/3)*(x^3+2)*(3*x^3+4)/x^6/(x^6+2*x^3+4),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(x^3 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} (x^3 + 2) (3x^3 + 4)}{x^6 (x^6 + 2x^3 + 4)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

Expression too large to display

19.5 Problem number 1778

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{-x + x^3} (8 - 10x^2 + x^4)}{x^4 (4 - 2x^2 + x^4)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

```
int((x^3-x)^(1/3)*(x^4-10*x^2+8)/x^4/(x^4-2*x^2+4),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(x^3 - x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^4 - 10x^2 + 8)}{x^4 (x^4 - 2x^2 + 4)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

19.6 Problem number 1779

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{-x + x^3} (8 - 10x^2 + x^4)}{x^4 (4 - 2x^2 + x^4)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

```
int((x^3-x)^(1/3)*(x^4-10*x^2+8)/x^4/(x^4-2*x^2+4),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(x^3 - x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^4 - 10x^2 + 8)}{x^4 (x^4 - 2x^2 + 4)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

19.7 Problem number 2194

$$\int \frac{(-1 + x^4) \sqrt[4]{x^2 + x^6}}{1 + x^8} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2^{\frac{1}{8}}x}{(x^6+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) 2^{\frac{5}{8}}}{4} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2^{\frac{5}{8}}x(x^6+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^2 2^{\frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{x^6+x^2}}\right) 2^{\frac{1}{8}}}{4} \\ & - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{\frac{1}{8}}x}{(x^6+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) 2^{\frac{5}{8}}}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\frac{x^2 2^{\frac{5}{8}}}{2} + \sqrt{x^6+x^2} 2^{\frac{3}{8}}}{x(x^6+x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right) 2^{\frac{1}{8}}}{4} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((x^4-1)*(x^6+x^2)^(1/4)/(x^8+1),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(x^4 - 1) (x^6 + x^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^8 + 1} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

output too large to display

19.8 Problem number 2274

$$\int \frac{x^2 \sqrt[4]{x^3 + x^4}}{-1 + x^4} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

```
int(x^2*(x^4+x^3)^(1/4)/(x^4-1),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^2 (x^4 + x^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^4 - 1} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	1932

19.9 Problem number 2276

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{-x + x^3} (1 + x^6)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

`int(1/(x^3-x)^(1/3)/(x^6+1),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^3 - x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^6 + 1)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	4395

19.10 Problem number 2277

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{-x + x^3} (1 + x^6)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

`int(1/(x^3-x)^(1/3)/(x^6+1),x)`

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^3 - x)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^6 + 1)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	3898

19.11 Problem number 2531

$$\int \frac{1-x^2+x^3}{(-1-x^2+x^3)\sqrt[3]{x^2+x^3}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

Unintegrable

command

```
int((x^3-x^2+1)/(x^3-x^2-1)/(x^3+x^2)^(1/3),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 1}{(x^3 - x^2 - 1)(x^3 + x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	253926

19.12 Problem number 2622

$$\int \frac{x^3(3+x^2)}{(1+x^2)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2-x^3}(1+x^2+x^3)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{-x+2(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{-x+2^{\frac{2}{3}}(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) 2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} \\ & + \ln\left(x+(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \frac{\ln\left(2x+2^{\frac{2}{3}}(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) 2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} \\ & - \frac{\ln\left(x^2-x(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}+(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{2} \\ & + \frac{\ln\left(-2x^2+2^{\frac{2}{3}}x(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}-2^{\frac{1}{3}}(-x^3+x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) 2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x^3*(x^2+3)/(x^2+1)/(-x^3+x^2+1)^(1/3)/(x^3+x^2+1),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^3(x^2 + 3)}{(x^2 + 1)(-x^3 + x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^3 + x^2 + 1)} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	1845

19.13 Problem number 2728

$$\int \frac{x(x^2c_3 - c_4)}{\sqrt{\frac{xc_0 + x^2c_3 + c_4}{xc_1 + x^2c_3 + c_4}}} \frac{x(x^2c_3 - c_4)}{(x + 3x^2c_3 + 3c_4)(-x^2 + x^4c_3^2 + 2x^2c_3c_4 + c_4^2)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - _C0}\sqrt{-1 + _C1}\sqrt{\frac{-C3x^2 + _C0x + _C4}{-C3x^2 + _C1x + _C4}}}{-1 + _C0}\right)\sqrt{-1 + _C1}}{2\sqrt{1 - _C0}} \\ & -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-1 - _C0}\sqrt{1 + _C1}\sqrt{\frac{-C3x^2 + _C0x + _C4}{-C3x^2 + _C1x + _C4}}}{1 + _C0}\right)\sqrt{1 + _C1}}{4\sqrt{-1 - _C0}} \\ & +\frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - 3_C0}\sqrt{-1 + 3_C1}\sqrt{\frac{-C3x^2 + _C0x + _C4}{-C3x^2 + _C1x + _C4}}}{-1 + 3_C0}\right)\sqrt{-1 + 3_C1}}{4\sqrt{1 - 3_C0}} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int(x*(-_C3*x^2-_C4)/((-_C3*x^2+_C0*x+_C4)/(_C3*x^2+_C1*x+_C4))^(1/2)/(3*_C3*x^2+3*_C4*x)/(_C3*x^2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

hanged

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	186113818

19.14 Problem number 2737

$$\int \frac{1-x+x^2}{(-1+x^2)\sqrt[3]{x^2+x^4}} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{-x+2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x}{x+2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{8} \\ & + \frac{\ln\left(-2x+2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{8} - \frac{3\ln\left(2x+2^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{8} \\ & + \frac{3\ln\left(-2x^2+2^{\frac{2}{3}}x(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}-2^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{16} \\ & - \frac{\ln\left(2x^2+2^{\frac{2}{3}}x(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}+2^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{16} \end{aligned}$$

command

```
int((x^2-x+1)/(x^2-1)/(x^4+x^2)^(1/3),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{x^2-x+1}{(x^2-1)(x^4+x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	8780

20 Test file number 210

Test folder name:

test_cases/210_Hebisch

20.1 Problem number 3909

$$\int \frac{200x^2 + 80x^3 + (-50x^3 - 20x^4) \ln(x) + (-400x - 160x^2 + (100x^2 + 40x^3) \ln(x)) \ln(x^2) + (200 + 80x + (-40x^2 - 160x^3) \ln(x^2))}{x^2}$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\left(e^{\frac{x \ln\left(\frac{4}{x} - \ln(x)\right)}{2 \ln(x^2) - 2x}} - x \right) (25 + 5x)$$

command

```
int((((((5*x^2+25*x)*ln(x)-20*x-100)*ln(x^2)+(-10*x^2-50*x)*ln(x)+40*x+200)*ln((-x*ln(x)+4)/x+40)*ln(x^2)^2+(-20*x^2*ln(x)+5*x^2+125*x+100)*ln(x^2)+10*x^3*ln(x)-5*x^3-85*x^2-100*x)*exp(x*x*ln(x)+4)/x)/(2*ln(x^2)-2*x))+((-20*x^2-50*x)*ln(x)+80*x+200)*ln(x^2)^2+((40*x^3+100*x^2)*ln(160*x^2-400*x)*ln(x^2)+(-20*x^4-50*x^3)*ln(x)+80*x^3+200*x^2)/((2*x*ln(x)-8)*ln(x^2)^2+(-4*x^2*ln(x)+16*x)*ln(x^2)+2*x^3*ln(x)-8*x^2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\left(((5x^2 + 25x) \ln(x) - 20x - 100) \ln(x^2) + (-10x^2 - 50x) \ln(x) + 40x + 200 \right) \ln\left(\frac{-x \ln(x) + 4}{x}\right) + (10x \ln(x) - 20x^2 - 50x^3) \ln(x^2) + (-20x^4 - 50x^5) \ln(x) + 80x^3 + 200x^2}{x^2}$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result
risch	$-5x^2 - 25x + (25 + 5x)e^{\frac{x \ln\left(\frac{i(x \ln(x) - 4)}{x}\right)}{2 \ln(x^2) - 2x}} - i \pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(x \ln(x) - 4)}{x}\right)^3 - i \pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(x \ln(x) - 4)}{x}\right)^2 \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{x}\right) - i \pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i(x \ln(x) - 4)}{x}\right)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(i(x \ln(x) - 4)) + 2 \left(-i \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^2) \right)^3 + 2i \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \operatorname{csgn}(ix^2)$

20.2 Problem number 5812

$$\int \frac{(-12x^7 + 4x^9 + (12x^6 - 8x^8)\log(4))\log^3\left(\frac{5x-5\log(4)}{x^2}\right) + (-8x^9 + 8x^8\log(4))\log^4\left(\frac{5x-5\log(4)}{x^2}\right) + \log^3(x)(-32x^8 + 32x^6\log(4))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\left(\ln(x) + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{5}{x} - \frac{10\ln(2)}{x^2}\right)x^2}{3} \right)^4$$

command

```
int(((432*x^2*ln(2)-216*x^3)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2)+2*(-216*x^2+324)*ln(2)+108*x^3-324*x)*ln(x)^3+((432*x^4*ln(2)-216*x^5)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2)^2+(2*(-216*x^4+324*x^2)*ln(2)+324*x^3)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2))*ln(x)^2+((144*x^6*ln(2)-72*x^7)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2)^3+72*x^6+108*x^4)*ln(2)+36*x^7-108*x^5)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2)^2)*ln(x)+(16*x^8*ln(2)-8*x^9)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2)^4+(2*(-8*x^8+12*x^6)*ln(2)+4*x^9-12*x^7)*ln((-10*ln(2)+5*x)/x^2)^81*x^2),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\left((432x^2 \ln(2) - 216x^3) \ln\left(\frac{-10\ln(2)+5x}{x^2}\right) + 2(-216x^2 + 324) \ln(2) + 108x^3 - 324x \right) \ln(x)^3 + \left((432x^4 \ln(2) - 216x^5) \ln\left(\frac{-10\ln(2)+5x}{x^2}\right) + 2(-216x^4 + 324) \ln(2) + 108x^5 - 324x^2 \right) \ln(x)^2 + \left((432x^6 \ln(2) - 216x^7) \ln\left(\frac{-10\ln(2)+5x}{x^2}\right) + 2(-216x^6 + 324) \ln(2) + 108x^7 - 324x^3 \right) \ln(x) + \left((432x^8 \ln(2) - 216x^9) \ln\left(\frac{-10\ln(2)+5x}{x^2}\right) + 2(-216x^8 + 324) \ln(2) + 108x^9 - 324x^4 \right) \ln(x)^4 + \left((432x^{10} \ln(2) - 216x^{11}) \ln\left(\frac{-10\ln(2)+5x}{x^2}\right) + 2(-216x^{10} + 324) \ln(2) + 108x^{11} - 324x^5 \right) \ln(x)^81*x^2}{x^2} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	77075

20.3 Problem number 7306

$$\int \frac{4 - 12x - 15x^2 - 4x^3 + e^3(-4 - 4x - x^2) + (-20x - 18x^2 - 4x^3)\log\left(\frac{2}{x}\right) + (-4x - 2x^2 - 8x^3)\ln\left(\frac{2}{x}\right)}{4x - 28x^2 + 33x^3 + 56x^4 + 16x^5 + e^6(4x + 4x^2 + x^3) + e^3(-8x + 24x^2 + 30x^3 + 8x^4) + (-8x^2 + 28x^3 + 16x^4)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2}{x}\right)}{2\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{2+x} + 2\right)x + e^3 - 1}$$

command

```
int((( -4*x*ln(2/x)-2*x^2-4*x)*ln(x)+(-4*x^3-18*x^2-20*x)*ln(2/x)+(-x^2-4*x-4)*exp(3)-4*x^3-15*x^2-12*x+4)/(4*x^3*ln(x)^2+((4*x^3+8*x^2)*exp(3)+16*x^4+28*x^3-8*x^2)*ln(x)+(x^3+4*x^2)*exp(3)+16*x^5+56*x^4+33*x^3-28*x^2+4*x),x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(-4x \ln(\frac{2}{x}) - 2x^2 - 4x) \ln(x) + (-4x^3 - 18x^2 - 20x) \ln(\frac{2}{x}) + (-x^2 - 4x - 4) e^3 - 4x^3 - 12x^2 - 32x}{4x^3 \ln(x)^2 + ((4x^3 + 8x^2)e^3 + 16x^4 + 28x^3 - 8x^2) \ln(x) + (x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x)e^6 + (8x^4 + 30x^3 + 24x^2 - 8x)e^3 + 12x^5} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{x} + \frac{-4+2x^2 \ln(2)+x^2 e^3+4x^3+4x \ln(2)+4x e^3+15x^2+4 e^3+12x}{2x(2x \ln(x)+x e^3+4x^2+2 e^3+7x-2)}$	79

20.4 Problem number 7352

$$\int \frac{-16x^2 - 68x^3 - 32x^4 - 4x^5 + e^2(64x^3 + 32x^4 + 4x^5) + (4x^3 + e^2(16x^2 + 4x^3)) \log(x) + (64x^3 + 32x^4 + 4x^5 + 32x^6 + 128x^7 + 32x^8 + 8x^9 + 8x^{10})}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{\left(\frac{x}{\ln\left(\frac{\left(e^2+\ln\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{4+x}\right)+x\right)^2}{x^2}\right)} - x + 2 \right)^2}{x^2}$$

command

```
int((((4*x^2+8*x-32)*ln(x)+4*x^4+24*x^3-128*x)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x))+(4*x^2+8*x-32)*exp(2)*ln(x)+(4*x^4+24*x^3-128*x)*exp(2))*ln((ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x))^2+2*exp(2)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x)^2-16*x)*ln(x)-4*x^4-32*x^3-64*x^2)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x))+(-4*x^2-16*x)*exp(2)*ln(x)+(4*x^4-32*x^3-64*x^2)*exp(2))*ln((ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x))^2+2*exp(2)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x)^2-8*x^2+32*x)*ln(x)-4*x^5-24*x^4+128*x^2)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x))+(-4*x^3-8*x^2+32*x)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x)^2-12*x^3-32*x^2)*ln((ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x))^2+2*exp(2)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x)^2-16*x^2+68*x^3-16*x^2))/(((x^4+4*x^3)*ln(x)+x^6+8*x^5+16*x^4)*ln((ln(x)+x^2+4*x)/(4+x)))
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\left(((4x^2 + 8x - 32) \ln(x) + 4x^4 + 24x^3 - 128x) \ln\left(\frac{\ln(x) + x^2 + 4x}{4+x}\right) + (4x^2 + 8x - 32) e^2 \ln(x) + (4x^4 + 24x^3 - 128x^2 - 32x^3 + 8x^4 + 8x^5 + 8x^6 + 8x^7 + 8x^8) \right)}{x^2} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	6785

20.5 Problem number 7552

$$\int \frac{-1 - x + e^{5x}(1 + x) + (2 - 2e^{5x}) \ln(x) + (-x + e^{5x}x + (1 - e^{5x}) \ln(x)) \ln(-x + \ln(x)) + (2x + e^{5x}(-2x - 1)) \ln(-x + 2 \ln(x) + (-x + \ln(x)))}{(-2x + 2 \ln(x) + (-x + \ln(x)))^2} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$1 + \frac{x(e^{5x} - 1)}{\ln\left(\frac{x}{-2 - \ln(\ln(x) - x)}\right)}$$

command

```
int((((((1+5*x)*exp(5*x)-1)*ln(x)+(-5*x^2-x)*exp(5*x)+x)*ln(ln(x)-x)+((10*x+2)*exp(5*x)-2)*ln(x)+(-10*x^2-2*x)*exp(5*x)+2*x)*ln(-x/(ln(ln(x)-x)+2))+((-exp(5*x)+1)*ln(x)+x*x*exp(5*x)-x)*ln(ln(x)-x)+(-2*exp(5*x)+2)*ln(x)+(x+1)*exp(5*x)-x-1)/((ln(x)-x)*ln(ln(x)-x)+2*ln(x)-2*x)/ln(-x/(ln(ln(x)-x)+2))^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{(((1 + 5x)e^{5x} - 1)\ln(x) + (-5x^2 - x)e^{5x} + x)\ln(\ln(x) - x) + ((10x + 2)e^{5x} - 2)\ln(x) + (-10x^2 - 2x)e^{5x}}{((\ln(x) - x)\ln(\ln(x) - x) + x)^2} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2ix(e^{5x}-1)}{\pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{\ln(\ln(x)-x)+2}\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{ix}{\ln(\ln(x)-x)+2}\right)^2 - \pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{i}{\ln(\ln(x)-x)+2}\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{ix}{\ln(\ln(x)-x)+2}\right) \operatorname{csgn}(ix) + \pi \operatorname{csgn}\left(\frac{ix}{\ln(\ln(x)-x)+2}\right)^3 - 2\pi c}$

20.6 Problem number 9256

$$\int \frac{e^{2e^{-x}-x} \left(2e^x - 2x \log\left(\frac{60}{x+4e^2x}\right)\right)}{x \log^3\left(\frac{60}{x+4e^2x}\right)} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{e^{2e^{-x}}}{\ln\left(\frac{3}{\frac{e^2x}{5}+\frac{x}{20}}\right)^2}$$

command

```
int((-2*x*ln(60/(4*x*exp(1)^2+x))+2*exp(x))*exp(1/exp(x))^2/x/exp(x)/ln(60/(4*x*exp(1)^2+x))~^
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\left(-2x \ln\left(\frac{60}{4e^2x+x}\right) + 2e^x\right) e^{2e^{-x}} e^{-x}}{x \ln\left(\frac{60}{4e^2x+x}\right)^3} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{4e^{2e^{-x}}}{(2i \ln(5)+2i \ln(3)+4i \ln(2)-2i \ln(4e^2+1)-2i \ln(x))^2}$	43

20.7 Problem number 9321

$$\int \frac{e(1-x)\log(x) + (-x+x^2)\log^2(x) + (-2ex+2x^2\log(x))\log(-3+3x) + (e(1-x) + (-x+x^2)\log(x))\log^2(-3+3x)}{(x^2-x^3+(-x^2+x^3)\log(x) + (-x^2+x^3)\log^2(-3+3x))} dx$$

Optimal antiderivative

$$\frac{\frac{e}{x} - \ln(x)}{\ln\left(\left(\ln(x) + \ln(-3+3x)^2\right)x - x\right)}$$

command

```
int((((1-x)*exp(1)-x^2+x)*ln(3*x-3)^2+((1-x)*exp(1)-x^2+x)*ln(x)+(x-1)*exp(1)+x^2-x)*ln(x*x*ln(3*x-3)^2+x*ln(x)-x)+(ln(x)*(x^2-x)+(1-x)*exp(1))*ln(3*x-3)^2+(2*x^2*ln(x)-2*x*exp(1))*ln(3*x-3)+(x^2-x)*ln(x)^2+(1-x)*exp(1)*ln(x))/((x^3-x^2)*ln(3*x-3)^2+(x^3-x^2)*ln(x)-x^3+x^2)/ln(x*ln(3*x-3)^2+x*ln(x)-x)^2,x)
```

Maple 2022.1 output

$$\int \frac{\left((1-x)e - x^2 + x\right) \ln(3x-3)^2 + \left((1-x)e - x^2 + x\right) \ln(x) + (x-1)e + x^2 - x}{\left((x^3 - x^2) \ln(3x-3)^2 + (x^3 - x^2) \ln(x) - x^3 + x^2\right) \ln(x*ln(3*x-3)^2+x*ln(x)-x)^2} dx$$

Maple 2021.1 output

method	result
risch	$\frac{x \left(2 \ln(x)+2 \ln\left(\ln(3x-3)^2+\ln(x)-1\right)-i \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \operatorname{csgn}\left(i \left(\ln(3x-3)^2+\ln(x)-1\right)\right) \operatorname{csgn}\left(ix \left(\ln(3x-3)^2+\ln(x)-1\right)\right)+i \pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \operatorname{csgn}\left(i \left(\ln(3x-3)^2+\ln(x)-1\right)\right)\right)}{-2x}$