

Ten Hard Integrals

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The first 10 integrals from Kevin Charlwood's 2008 article "Integration on Computer Algebra Systems" are solved using different CAS systems.

The original post on this topic is sci.math.symbolic by Martin

These are the CAS systems used

1. Maple 18 on windows 7 (64 bit)
2. Mathematica 9.01 on windows 7
3. Rubi 4.1 on Mathematica 9.01 on windows 7
4. Sage 5.4 using the Sage web server notebook interface
5. Fricas 1.2 on Linux using sbcl lisp
6. wxMaxima 12.04.0 (Maxima 5.28.02) on windows 7
7. Axiom on windows 7 (May 2012) welcome screen image
8. sympy on linux (python 2.7.3 full installation. sympy 0.7.1.rc1-3) starting image
9. reduce `reduce-windows64-20110414` help screen message with the `algint` package loaded.
10. mupad engine in Matlab 2013a symbolic toolbox
11. xcas 2013 January, version 1.0 on windows 7

Optimal answer to each integral taken from Rich's referenced PDF below.

Downloads, references and links

1. Mathematica downloads
 - Mathematica notebook of the first 20 integrals
 - Mathematica PDF of the first 20 integrals
 - Mathematica HTML of the first 20 integrals
2. Rubi downloads
 - Rubi notebook for the first 20 integrals
 - Rubi PDF for the first 20 integrals

- Rubi HTML for the first 20 integrals
3. Maple downloads

- Maple worksheet in mw format
- HTML worksheet in HTML
- PDF worksheet in PDF

Maple Problem 10 trace entered as `int(x^3*exp(1)^arcsin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x);`

- HTML
- PDF
- mw Maple worksheet

Maple Problem 10 trace entered as `int(x^3*exp(arcsin(x))/sqrt(1-x^2),x);`

- HTML
- PDF
- mw Maple worksheet

4. maxima.wxm Maxima notebook.
5. copy of Kevin Charlwood's 2008 paper in PDF
6. <http://www.apmaths.uwo.ca/~arich/CharlwoodIntegrationProblems.pdf> Albert Rich pdf file showing 50 integrals and the best antiderivatives expected
7. <http://www.apmaths.uwo.ca/> arich/CharlwoodProblems.m The above is m format.
8. <http://www.math.utah.edu/faq/reduce/>
9. <http://www.reduce-algebra.com/packages.htm>
10. <http://reduce-algebra.sourceforge.net/>
11. <http://www.reduce-algebra.com/docs/reduce.pdf>
12. xCAS web page
13. <http://www.apmaths.uwo.ca/~arich/> Rubi Mathematica package home

The following is summary of results for each integral. Result with a () around it means the antiderivative contains nonelementary functions.

system	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	score
Mathematica 9.01	✓	✓	✓	✓	(✓)	(✓)	(✓)	(✓)	(✓)	✓	100%
Rubi 4.1	✓	✓	✗	✓	(✓)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	90%
Maple 18	✓	✓	✓	✓	(✓)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	90%
Axiom (May 2012)	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	80%
FriCAS 1.2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	80%
Sage 5.4	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	40%
Maxima 5.28.02	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	40%
xcas 1.0	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	40%
Sympy 0.7.2	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	20%
Reduce 2008	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	20%
mupad 2013a	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	20%

$$1 \quad \int \arcsin(x) \ln(x) dx$$

<p>optimal</p>	$-2\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}\log(x) + \tanh^{-1}(\sqrt{1-x^2}) - x(1-\log(x))\sin^{-1}(x)$
<p>M 9.01</p>	<pre>Integrate[ArcSin[x] Log[x], x]</pre> $-2\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \operatorname{ArcSin}[x] (-1 + \operatorname{Log}[x]) + \left(-1 + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right) \operatorname{Log}[x] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \sqrt{1-x^2}\right]$
<p>Rubi 4.1</p>	<pre>: Int[ArcSin[x] Log[x], x]</pre> $-2\sqrt{1-x^2} - x \operatorname{ArcSin}[x] + \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1-x^2}\right] + \sqrt{1-x^2} \operatorname{Log}[x]$
<p>Maple 18</p>	<pre>> restart; int(arcsin(x)*log(x), x);</pre> $\frac{1}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right)^2} \left(-2 \operatorname{arcsin}(x) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right) \right.$ $- 2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right)^2 \ln\left(\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right)}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right)^2}\right)$ $\left. + 2 \operatorname{arcsin}(x) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right) \ln\left(\frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right)}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsin}(x)\right)^2}\right) - 4 \right) - \ln\left($ $=$

Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(arcsin(x)^ln(x), x) (x log(x) - x) arcsin(x) + sqrt(-x^2 + 1) log(x) - 2 sqrt(-x^2 + 1)</pre>
Fricas 1.2	<pre>(8) -> integrate(asin(x)*log(x), x) (8) +-----+ 2 log(2\ - x + 1 + 2) - log(- 2\ - x + 1 + 2) + +-----+ 2 x\ - x + 1 (- 2x log(x) + 2x)atan(-----) + (2log(x) - 4)\ - x 2 / 2 Type: Union(ExpressionCategory, JoinCategory, TranscendentalFunctionCategory)</pre>
sympy 0.7.1	<pre>>>> integrate(asin(x)*log(x),x) Integral(log(x)*asin(x), x) >>></pre>
Axiom 5/12	<pre>(5) -> integrate(asin(x)*log(x),x) (5) -> (5) +-----+ 2 log(\ - x + 1 + 1) - log(\ - x + 1 - 1) + +-----+ 2 2x\ - x + 1 (- x log(x) + x)atan(-----) + (2log(x) - 4)\ - x 2 / 2 Type: Union(ExpressionCategory, JoinCategory, TranscendentalFunctionCategory)</pre>

Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>integrate(asin(x)*log(x),x); log(2*sqrt(1-x^2)/ x +2/ x)+asin(x)(x log(x)-x)+sqrt(1-x^2) log(x)-2*sqrt(1-x^2)</pre>
reduce 2008	<pre>int(asin(x)*log(x),x); $\int \arcsin(x) \log(x) dx$</pre> <p>HTML of trace PDF of trace</p>
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(asin(x)*log(x),x)') int(asin(x)*log(x), x)</pre>
xcas	<pre>int(asin(x)*log(x),x) Simplification assuming x near 0+ Simplification assuming x near 0+</pre> <hr/> $\int \arcsin(x) \ln(x) dx$

$$2 \int \frac{x \arcsin(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

optimal	$x - \sqrt{1-x^2} \sin^{-1}(x)$
M 9.01	$\text{Integrate}\left[\frac{x \text{ArcSin}[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}, x\right]$ $x - \sqrt{1-x^2} \text{ ArcSin}[x]$
Rubi 4.1	$\text{Int}\left[\frac{x \text{ArcSin}[x]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}, x\right]$ $x - \sqrt{1-x^2} \text{ ArcSin}[x]$
Maple 18	<pre>> restart; int(x*arcsin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2), x); =</pre> $x - \arcsin(x) \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}$
Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(x*arcsin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2), x) - sqrt(-x^2 + 1) arcsin(x) + x</pre>
Fricas 1.2	<pre>(9) -> integrate(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2), x) + +-----+ 2 x\ - x + 1 atan(-----) + x 2 x - 1 (10) -> ■</pre> <p style="text-align: right;">Type: Union(Expression</p>

sympy 0.7.1	<pre>>>> integrate(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x**2),x) x - (-x**2 + 1)**(1/2)*asin(x) >>> >>></pre>
Axiom 5/12	<pre>-> -> integrate(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x) -> +-----+ 2 +-----+ 2 - x + 1 atan(-----) + 2x \ - x + 1 (6) ----- 2 2x - 1 -> Type: Union(Expression(I...</pre>
Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>(%i5) integrate(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x); (%o5) x - sqrt(1 - x^2) asin(x)</pre>
reduce 2008	<pre>int(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x); - sqrt(-x^2 + 1) arcsin(x) + x</pre>
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x)') int((x*asin(x))/(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)</pre>
xcas	<pre>int(x*asin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x) Simplification assuming x near 0+ Simplification assuming x near 0+</pre> $\int \frac{x \cdot \text{asin}(x)}{\sqrt{-x^2 - 1}} dx$

$$3 \int \arcsin \left(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x} \right) dx$$

<p>optimal</p>	$\frac{(\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt{x+1})\sqrt{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+1}-x}}{4\sqrt{2}} - \left(x + \frac{3}{8}\right)\sin^{-1}(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x+1})$
<p>M 9.01</p>	$\text{Integrate}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}], x]$ $-x \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] -$ $\left((1+x) (1+2x-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x})^2 \left(2\sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}} \right.$ $\left. (-3-2x+2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}) + 3\sqrt{-2-4x+4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}} \right)$ $\text{Log}\left[2\sqrt{-x+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}} + \sqrt{-2-4x+4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x}} \right]$ $(8\sqrt{2} (-\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+x})^3 (1+x-\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+x})^2)$
<p>Rubi 4.1</p>	$\text{Int}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}], x]$ $-x \text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1+x}] + \frac{\text{Subst}\left[\text{Int}\left[\sqrt{1-x^2} + x\sqrt{-1+x^2}\right], x\right]}{\sqrt{2}}$

Maple 18	<pre>> restart; int(arcsin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x); -<left(+="" -="" <math="" \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})="" \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)^3="" \frac{1}{16}="" \frac{3}{8}="" \frac{3}{8}<="" \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}="" display="block" left.="">\left. + \sqrt{x}\right)^5 - \frac{1}{8} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)^7 + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x}) $+ \sqrt{x}) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)^2 + \frac{9}{8} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})$ $-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})^4 + \frac{1}{8} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x}) \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)^8 + \frac{1}{8} \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)^2$ $\left(\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)^2 \right)^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(-\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})\right)\right)$ </left(></pre>
Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(arcsin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)), x) evaluate</pre>
Fricas 1.2	<pre>(10) → integrate(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)), x) (10) $(8x + 3)\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x} - \sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+1} - 2x}\right) + \frac{(3\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x})\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{x+1} - 2x}$ -----</pre> <p style="text-align: right;">Type: Union(Expression(Integer), Expression(RationalFunction(RadicalFunction(RootOf))))</p> <pre>(11) → </pre>
sympy 0.7.1	<pre>>>> >>> integrate(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x) Integral(-asin(x**(1/2) - (x + 1)**(1/2)), x) >>> </pre>

Axiom 5/12	(7) -> (7) -> integrate(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x) 7) -> >> Error detected within library code: failed - cannot handle that integrand (7) -> █
Maxima 5.28.02	(%i6) integrate(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x); (%o6) $\frac{\pi x}{2}$
reduce 2008	int(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x); $\int \arcsin(\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}) \, dx$
mupad 2013a	evalin(symengine,'int(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x)') -int(asin(x^(1/2) - (x + 1)^(1/2)), x)
xcas	int(asin(sqrt(x+1)-sqrt(x)),x) Warning, choosing root of [1,0,%%{-4,[1]%%%}+%%{-2,[0]%%%},0 Warning, choosing root of [1,0,%%{-4,[1]%%%}+%%{-2,[0]%%%},0 sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const v) █

$$4 \int \ln(1 + x\sqrt{1+x^2}) dx$$

<p>optimal</p>	$x \log(\sqrt{x^2+1}x+1) + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{5})} \tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}(\sqrt{x^2+1}-x)\right) - 2x$
<p>M 9.01</p>	$\text{Integrate}\left[\log\left[1 + x \sqrt{1 + x^2}\right], x\right]$ $-2 x + \frac{\left(5 + \sqrt{5}\right) \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}} x\right]}{\sqrt{10 \left(1 + \sqrt{5}\right)}} +$ $\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1 + \sqrt{5}}} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1 + \sqrt{5}}} \sqrt{1 + x^2}\right] - \frac{\left(-5 + \sqrt{5}\right) \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{5}}} \sqrt{1 + x^2}\right]}{\sqrt{10 \left(1 + \sqrt{5}\right)}} + x \log\left[1 + x \sqrt{1 + x^2}\right]$

	$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + x \sqrt{1 + x^2}], x]$
	$-2x - \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}(1 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}}}x\right] +$
	$2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(2 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(-1 + \sqrt{5})}} \text{Ar}$
Rubi 4.1	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(-1 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1 + \sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1 + x^2}\right] + 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-2 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{-1 + \sqrt{5}}}x\right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5(1 + \sqrt{5})}}$
	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(1 + \sqrt{5})} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{5}}}\sqrt{1 + x^2}\right] + x \text{Log}[1 + x \sqrt{1 + x^2}]$

Maple 18

```
> restart;
int(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x);

$$\ln\left(1 + x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}\right)x - 2x + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{5}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2 + 2\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 2}} - \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}} - \frac{3}{10} \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}} - \frac{3}{10} \frac{\sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}}$$

```

Sage 5.4

```
integral(ln(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)), x)

$$x \log\left(\sqrt{x^2 + 1}x + 1\right) - 2x + \operatorname{arctan}(x) + \int \frac{2x^2 + 1}{x^2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

```

```
(12) -> integrate(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)), x)

(12)
+
+-----+
| +-+
4\|\5 + 1
*
atan
+
+-----+ +-----+
| 2 | 2
((\5 - 1)\|x + 1 - x\|5 + x)\|/
/
ROOT
+
+-----+
| 2
(- 8x\|5 - 16x - 8x)\|x +
+
2
16x + 4
+
+-----+
| 2
- 2x\|2 \|x + 1 + (2x + 2)\|2
+
+
+-----+
| +-+
\|\5 - 1
*
log
+
+-----+
| 2 | 2
((\5 + 1)\|x + 1 - x\|5 - x)\|/
+
2
(2x + 2)\|2
+
+-----+ +-----+
| +-+ | +-+
\|\5 - 1 log(\|\5 - 1 + x\|2 ) + 2x\|2 log
+
+-----+ +-----+
| +-+ | +-+
- \|\5 - 1 log(- \|\5 - 1 + x\|2 )
+
+-----+
| +-+
```

Fricas 1.2

sympy 0.7.1

```
>>>
>>> integrate(log(1+x* sqrt(1+x**2)),x)
Integral(log(x*(x**2 + 1)**(1/2) + 1), x)
>>>
>>>
```

```
(8)  ->
(8)  -> integrate(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x)
(8)  ->
(8)

-
+-----+
| +-+
\|\5 - 1
*
log
+-----+ +-----+
((\5 + 1)\|x + 1 - x\|5 - x)\|\5 - 1
+
2      +-+
(2x + 2)\|2
+
+-----+ +-----+ +-----+
| +-+ | +-+ | +-+
\|\5 - 1 log(\|\5 - 1 + x\|2 ) + 2x\|2 log(x\|x +
+
+-----+ +-----+
| +-+ | +-+ +-+
- \|\5 - 1 log(- \|\5 - 1 + x\|2 )
+
+-----+
| +-+
\|\5 - 1
*
log
+-----+ +-----+
(( - \5 - 1)\|x + 1 + x\|5 + x)\|\5 - 1 -
+
2      +-+
(2x + 2)\|2
+
+-----+ +-----+ +-----+
| +-+ | +-+ | +-+
2\|\5 + 1 atan(-----)
+
+-----+ +-----+
| +-+ | +-+ +-----+
2x\|2 \|x + 1 + (- 2x - 2)\|2
+
+-----+
| +-+
\|\5 + 1
-
2\|\5 + 1 atan(-----) - 4x\|2
+
x\|2
/
2\|2
(8)  -> ■
Type: Union(Expression)
```

Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>integrate(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x);</pre> $\int \frac{2x^2+1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}(x^3+x)+x^2+1} dx + x \log(x \sqrt{x^2+1} + 1) + \text{atan}(x) - 2$
reduce 2008	<pre>14: int(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x);</pre> $\left(2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{5}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}+x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}}\right) + \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2} + x\right) - \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2} + x\right) + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\log\left(\sqrt{x^2+1} + x\right) \right)$
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x)')</pre> <p>result in <code>mupad_4.txt</code></p>

xcas

```

3 int(log(1+x*sqrt(1+x^2)),x)

```

$$\frac{\text{rootof}([[1, -1, 3, -27], [1, 0, -6, -40, 29]]) \cdot \ln(\sqrt{x-1})}{64}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{rootof}([[-1, 1, -3, 27], [1, 0, -6, -40, 29]]) \cdot \ln(\sqrt{x+1})}{64}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{rootof}([[1, -1, -9, -23], [1, 0, -14, -40, -11]]) \cdot \text{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x}})}{16}$$

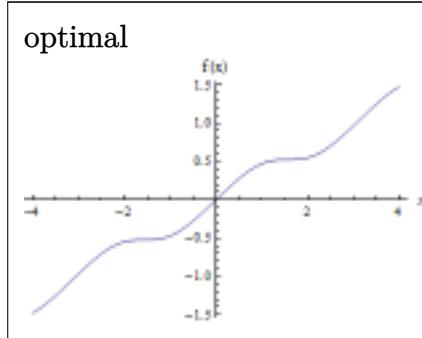
$$+ \frac{\text{rootof}([[-1, 2, 7], [1, 0, -14, -40, -11]]) \cdot \ln(\sqrt{\frac{2}{x}})}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{rootof}([[1, -2, -7], [1, 0, -14, -40, -11]]) \cdot \ln(\sqrt{x^2-1})}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{\text{rootof}([[1, 3, -5, -39], [1, 0, -6, -40, 29]]) \cdot \text{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x}})}{64}$$

$$- 2 \cdot \frac{\text{rootof}([[1, 3, -5, -39], [1, 0, -6, -40, 29]]) \cdot \text{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x}})}{64}$$

5 $\int \frac{\cos^2(x)}{\sqrt{\cos^4(x) + \cos^2(x) + 1}} dx$



$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin(x)\cos(x)(\cos^2(x)+1)}{\sqrt{\cos^4(x)+\cos^2(x)+1}\cos^2(x)+1} \right)$$

M 9.01

$$\text{Integrate} \left[\frac{\cos[x]^2}{\sqrt{\cos[x]^4 + \cos[x]^2 + 1}}, x \right]$$

$$- \left(2 i \cos[x]^2 \text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i \sqrt{3}}{2}, i \text{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{2 i}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \tan[x] \right], \frac{3 i}{3 i + \sqrt{3}} \right] \right.$$

$$\left. \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 i \tan[x]^2}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 i \tan[x]^2}{3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \right) / \left(\sqrt{-\frac{i}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{15 + 8 \cos[2x]} \right)$$

Rubi 4.1

$$\text{Int} \left[\frac{\cos[x]^2}{\sqrt{\cos[x]^4 + \cos[x]^2 + 1}}, x \right]$$

$$\frac{\text{EllipticPi} \left[\frac{1}{2} (3 - i \sqrt{3}), \text{ArcSin} \left[\sqrt{-\frac{2 i}{3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \tan[x] \right], \frac{3 i + \sqrt{3}}{3 i - \sqrt{3}} \right]}{3 \sqrt{-\frac{2 i}{3 i + \sqrt{3}}} (1 + \tan[x]^2) \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \tan[x]^2}{3 - i \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2 \tan[x]^2}{3 + i \sqrt{3}}}}$$

	<pre>> restart; int(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x);</pre> $-\sqrt{2 \left(-(\cos(2x)^2 + 4\cos(2x) + 7)(\cos(2x)^2 - 1)\right)(-3 + I\sqrt{3})} \sqrt{\frac{(-1 + I\sqrt{3})(\cos(2x) - 1)}{(-3 + I\sqrt{3})(\cos(2x) + 1)}} (\cos(2x) + 1)$
Maple 18	$= \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{\cos(2x) + 2 + I\sqrt{3}}{(I\sqrt{3} + 3)(\cos(2x) + 1)}} \sqrt{\frac{I\sqrt{3} - \cos(2x) - 2}{(-3 + I\sqrt{3})(\cos(2x) + 1)}} \text{Elliptic}_1$ $\sqrt{\frac{(-1 + I\sqrt{3})(\cos(2x) - 1)}{(-3 + I\sqrt{3})(\cos(2x) + 1)}} \cdot \frac{-3 + I\sqrt{3}}{-1 + I\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{(1 + I\sqrt{3})(-3 + I\sqrt{3})}{(I\sqrt{3} + 3)(-1 + I\sqrt{3})}} (\cos(2x) - 1)$ $\sqrt{(\cos(2x) - 1)(\cos(2x) + 1)(\cos(2x) + 2 + I\sqrt{3})(I\sqrt{3} - \cos(2x))}$ $\sqrt{\cos(2x)^2 + 4\cos(2x) + 7}$
Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x)</pre> $\int \frac{\cos(x)^2}{\sqrt{\cos(x)^4 + \cos(x)^2 + 1}} dx$
Fricas 1.2	<pre>(16) -> integrate(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4 + cos(x)^2 + 1), x) >> Error detected within library code: Imaginary part is nonzero. Cannot retract.</pre> <p>(16) -> []</p>
sympy 0.7.1	<p>(waited one hr)</p> <pre>>>> >>> integrate(cos(x)**2/sqrt(cos(x)**4 + cos(x)**2 + 1), x) ^C ^C ^C^C^C Killed > ></pre>

Axiom 5/12	<pre>(9) -> (9) -> integrate(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x) (9) -> (9) atan (cos(x) + 2cos(x) + cos(x))sin(x) * +-----+ 4 2 16cos(x) + 16cos(x) + 16 \ \cos(x) + 4cos(x) + 6cos(x) + 4cos(x) + 1 / 4cos(x) - 2 / 6 (10) -> (10) -> ■</pre> <p style="text-align: right;">Type: Union(Expression)</p>
Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>integrate(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x); ∫ cos(x)^2 ─────────── dx</pre>
reduce 2008	<pre>int(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x); ∫ √cos(x)^4 + cos(x)^2 + 1 cos(x)^2</pre>
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x)') int(cos(x)^2/(cos(x)^4 + cos(x)^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)</pre>
xcas	<pre>int(cos(x)^2/sqrt(cos(x)^4+cos(x)^2+1),x) ∫ cos(x)^2 ─────────── dx</pre>

$$6 \quad \int \tan(x) \sqrt{1 + \tan^4(x)} dx$$

<p>optimal</p>	$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\tan^4(x) + 1} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{1-\tan^2(x)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\tan^4(x)+1}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \sinh^{-1}(\tan^2(x))$
<p>M 9.01</p>	click to view
<p>Rubi 4.1</p>	$\text{Int}\left[\tan[x] \sqrt{1 + \tan[x]^4}, x\right]$ $-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\tan[x]^2] - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{1-\tan[x]^2}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1+\tan[x]^4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \tan[x]^4}$
<p>Maple 18</p>	<pre>> restart; int(tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x);</pre> $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(1 + \tan(x)^2)^2 - 2 \tan(x)^2} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\tan(x)^2) \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{(-2 \tan(x)^2 + 2) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{(1 + \tan(x)^2)^2 - 2 \tan(x)^2}}\right) \end{aligned}$
<p>Sage 5.4</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> $\text{integral}(\tan(x) * \text{sqrt}(1+\tan(x)^4), x)$ </div> $\int \sqrt{\tan(x)^4 + 1} \tan(x) dx$

Fricas 1.2

```
(21) -> integrate( tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4), x)
(21)

$$\frac{2\log(\sqrt{|\tan(x)|^4 + 1} - \tan(x))}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\log\left(\frac{(2\sqrt{|\tan(x)|^2} - 2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{|\tan(x)|^4 + 1} + 3\tan(x)^4 - 2\tan(x)^2}{\tan(x)^4 + 2\tan(x)^2 + 1}\right)}{4}$$

+

$$\frac{2\sqrt{|\tan(x)|^4 + 1}}{4}$$

Type: Union(Expression(Integer))
(22) ->
(22) >
```

sympy 0.7.1

```
>>>
>>> integrate(tan(x)* sqrt(1+tan(x)**4),x)
Integral((tan(x)**4 + 1)**(1/2)*tan(x), x)
>>>
>>>
```

Axiom 5/12

```
(10) ->
(10) -> integrate( tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x)
(10) ->
(10)

-
+
\|2
*
log
+
-----+
| 2cos(x) 4
(4\|2 cos(x)  - 2\|2 cos(x) ) |-----+
| |
\| cos(x)

+
8cos(x) 4      8cos(x) 2
+-----+
| 2cos(x) 4      2cos(x) 2
(2cos(x)  - 2cos(x) ) |-----+
| |
\| cos(x)

+
+-----+
| 2cos(x) 4      2cos(x) 2
(2cos(x)  - 2cos(x) ) |-----+
| |
\| cos(x)

+
2
- 4cos(x) + 2
/
4
cos(x)

+
+-----+
| 2cos(x) 4      2cos(x) 2
2 |-----+
| |
\| cos(x)

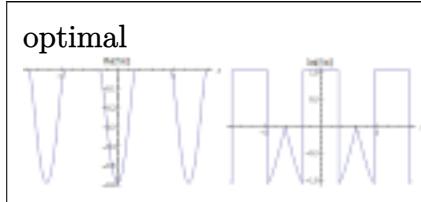
/
4

(11) ->
(11) ->
(11) -> ■
```

Type: Union(Expression)

Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>integrate(tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x); integrate(tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x);</pre>
reduce 2008	<pre>int(tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x); int(sqrt(tan(x)^4+1)*tan(x),x)</pre>
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x)') int(tan(x)*(tan(x)^4 + 1)^(1/2), x)</pre>
xcas	<pre>int(tan(x)*sqrt(1+tan(x)^4),x) int(sqrt(4*(tan(x)^2)^2/2+1)*tan(x),x)</pre>

$$7 \quad \int \frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt{\sec^3(x) + 1}} dx$$



$$-\frac{2}{3} \tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\sec^3(x) + 1} \right)$$

M 9.01

$$\text{In[23]:= } \text{Integrate}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{\sqrt{\sec[x]^3 + 1}}, x\right]$$

$$\text{Out[23]= } -\left(i \cos[x]^2 \left(\text{EllipticF}\left[i \text{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}}\right], \frac{3 i - \sqrt{3}}{3 i + \sqrt{3}}\right) + \text{EllipticPi}\left[\frac{1}{6} \left(3 + i \sqrt{3}\right), i \text{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{i \cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}}\right]\right)\right)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3 i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{3} + 3 i \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 i + \sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\frac{\cos[x] \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{-3 - i \sqrt{3}}} \left(1 + 3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4\right)\right)$$

Rubi 4.1

$$\text{In[22]:= } \text{Int}\left[\frac{\tan[x]}{\sqrt{\sec[x]^3 + 1}}, x\right]$$

$$\text{Out[22]= } -\frac{2}{3} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\sqrt{1 + \sec[x]^3}\right]$$

Maple 18

$$\text{restart;}$$

$$\text{int}(\tan(x)/\sqrt{\sec(x)^3+1}, x);$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{\sec(x)^3 + 1}\right)$$

Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1), x)</pre> $\frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(x)^3} + 1} - 1\right) - \frac{1}{3} \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(x)^3} + 1} + 1\right)$
Fricas 1.2	<pre>(17) -> (17) -> integrate(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1), x)</pre> $(17) \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\cos(x)^3 - 4\cos(x) + 4}}{\sqrt{\cos(x)^2 + \cos(x)}}\right)}{3}$ <p style="text-align: right;">Type: Union(Expression)</p>
sympy 0.7.1	<pre>>>> >>> integrate(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)**3+1),x) Traceback (most recent call last): File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module> NameError: name 'sec' is not defined >>></pre>
Axiom 5/12	<pre>(11) -> (11) -> integrate(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1),x) (11) -> (11) - log * (- 4cos(x)^6 - 4cos(x)^5 - 2cos(x)^3 - 2cos(x)^2)</pre> $+ \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\cos(x)^3 - 4\cos(x) + 4}}{\sqrt{\cos(x)^2 + \cos(x)}}\right)}{3}$ $+ \frac{8\cos(x)^6 + 8\cos(x)^3 + 1}{6}$ <p style="text-align: right;">Type: Union(Expression)</p>

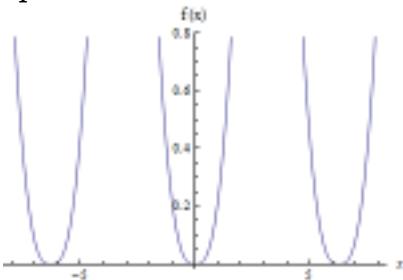
Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>integrate(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1),x);</pre> $\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(x)^3}+1}-1\right)}{3}-\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(x)^3}+1}+1\right)}{3}$
reduce 2008	<pre>int(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1),x);</pre> $\int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(x)^3 + 1} \tan(x)}{\sec(x)^3 + 1} dx$
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1),x)')</pre> <pre>int(tan(x)/(1/cos(x)^3 + 1)^(1/2), x)</pre>
xcas	<pre>int(tan(x)/sqrt(sec(x)^3+1),x)</pre> <p>Warning, integration of abs or sign assumes constant sign by intervals (Check Vector [abs(cos(x))]) Discontinuities at zeroes of cos(x) were not checked</p> $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)^4 + \cos(x)}} * \left(\frac{1}{\cos(x)}\right)^2 * \left(\frac{1}{\sin(x)}\right)^2 dx$

$$8 \quad \int \sqrt{\tan^2(x) + 2\tan(x) + 2} dx$$

optimal		$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}}\tan(x)-\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\tan(x)(\tan(x)+2)+2}}\right)-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)}\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\tan(x)(\tan(x)+2)+2}}\sinh^{-1}(\tan(x)+1)\right)$
M 9.01	click to view	
Rubi 4.1		$\text{Int}\left[\sqrt{\tan[x]^2 + 2\tan[x] + 2}, x\right]$ $\text{ArcSinh}[1 + \tan[x]] - \frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{1 - 2i} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(4 - 2i) + (2 + 2i)\tan[x]}{2\sqrt{1 - 2i}\sqrt{2 + 2\tan[x] + \tan[x]^2}}\right]$ $\frac{1}{2} i \sqrt{1 + 2i} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{(4 + 2i) + (2 + 2i)\tan[x]}{2\sqrt{1 + 2i}\sqrt{2 + 2\tan[x] + \tan[x]^2}}\right]$
Maple 18	image	
Sage 5.4		<pre>integral(sqrt(tan(x)^2+2*tan(x)+2), x) Traceback (click to the left of this bar for help) ... RuntimeError: ECL says: Error executing code: cannot be imaginary; found %i</pre>
Fricas 1.2		(18) \rightarrow (18) $\rightarrow \text{integrate}(\sqrt{\tan(x)^2+2\tan(x)+2}, x)$ $(18) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\tan(\%A)^2 + 2\tan(\%A) + 2}} d\%A$ (19) \rightarrow \blacksquare Type: Union(Expression(), Function)

sympy 0.7.1	<pre>>>> >>> integrate(sqrt(tan(x)**2 + 2*tan(x)+2),x) Integral((tan(x)**2 + 2*tan(x) + 2)**(1/2), x) >>> </pre>
Axiom 5/12	HTML
Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>(%i12) integrate(sqrt(tan(x)^2+2*tan(x)+2),x); sign: argument cannot be imaginary; found %i -- an error. To debug this try: debugmode(true)</pre>
reduce 2008	<pre>int(sqrt(tan(x)^2+2*tan(x)+2),x);</pre> $\int \sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 2\tan(x) + 2} dx$
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(sqrt(tan(x)^2+2*tan(x)+2),x)') int((2*tan(x) + tan(x)^2 + 2)^(1/2), x)</pre>
xcas	<pre>int(sqrt(tan(x)^2+2*tan(x)+2),x)</pre> $\frac{1}{4}^3 \frac{1}{4} ((8^{\frac{1}{4}})^3 + 8*8^{\frac{1}{4}})*\ln((\sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 2*\tan(x)+2}-\tan(x))^2 + (-8^{\frac{1}{4}})*(\sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{4}})$ $\frac{1}{4}^3 \frac{1}{4} ((-8^{\frac{1}{4}})^3 - 8*(\sqrt{2})+8*8^{\frac{1}{4}})*\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 2*\tan(x)+2}-\tan(x))}{8^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)$ $\frac{1}{4}^3 \frac{1}{4} ((-8^{\frac{1}{4}})^3 - 8*8^{\frac{1}{4}})*\ln((\sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 2*\tan(x)+2}-\tan(x))^2 + 8^{\frac{1}{4}}*(\sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{4}})$ $\frac{1}{4}^3 \frac{1}{4} ((-8^{\frac{1}{4}})^3 + 8*(\sqrt{2})+8*8^{\frac{1}{4}})*\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(\sqrt{\tan(x)^2 + 2*\tan(x)+2}-\tan(x))}{8^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)$

$$9 \quad \int \sin(x) \arctan \left(\sqrt{\sec(x) - 1} \right) dx$$

optimal 	$\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) \sqrt{\sec(x) - 1} + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\sec(x) - 1} \right) - \cos(x) \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\sec(x) - 1} \right)$
M 9.01	click to view
Rubi 4.1	$\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[x] \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{\text{Sec}[x] - 1}], x]$ $\frac{1}{2} \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{-1 + \text{Sec}[x]}] - \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{-1 + \text{Sec}[x]}] \text{Cos}[x] +$
Maple 18	<pre>restart; int(sin(x)*arctan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x); ∫sin(x) arctan(√sec(x) - 1) dx</pre>
Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(sin(x)*arctan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)), x) - cos(x) arctan(√(-cos(x)-1/cos(x))) - √(-cos(x)-1/cos(x)) / (2 * (cos(x)-1/cos(x))) + 1/2 arctan(√(-cos(x)-1/cos(x)))</pre>

Fricas 1.2	<pre>(19) -> (19) -> integrate(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x) >> Error detected within library code: failed - cannot handle that integrand (19) -> ■</pre> <p>update: per post on sci.math.symbolic on June BTW: Current developement FriCAS can also do #9:</p> $(3) \rightarrow \int \sin(x) \cdot \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{\sec(x) - 1}\right) dx$ (3) $+ \frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{-\cos(x)}} + \frac{-2\cos(x)\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{\sec(x) - 1}\right) + \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\cos(x)}}{\cos(x) - 1}\right)}{\cos(x) - 1}$ $+$ $\frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{-\cos(x)}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\cos(x) + 1}}{\cos(x)}$ $/ 2$ <p>Type: Union(Expression)</p>
sympy 0.7.1	<pre>>>> >>> integrate(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x) Traceback (most recent call last): File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module> NameError: name 'sec' is not defined >>></pre>
Axiom 5/12	<pre>(13) -> (13) -> integrate(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x) 13) -> >> Error detected within library code: failed - cannot handle that integrand (13) -> ■</pre>

Maxima 5.28.02	<pre>integrate(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x);</pre> $-\cos(x)\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)-1}{\cos(x)}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)-1}{\cos(x)}}\right)}{2} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)-1}{\cos(x)}}$ $\frac{2 (\cos(x)-1)}{2 - \cos(x)}$
reduce 2008	<pre>int(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x);</pre> $\int \arctan\left(\sqrt{\sec(x) - 1}\right) dx$
mupad 2013a	<pre>evalin(symengine,'int(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x)') pretty(ans)</pre> $\frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(x)}}\right) - 1}{\sqrt{2 \cos(x)}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{asin}(\cos(x))}{2 \cos(x)^{3/2}}$

xcas

```
int(sin(x)*atan(sqrt(sec(x)-1)),x)
```

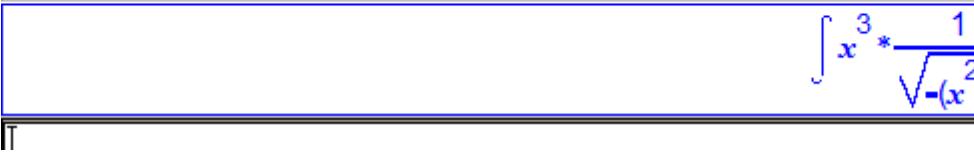
Warning, integration of abs or sign assumes constant sign by intervals (Check Vector [abs(cos(x))])
 Simplification assuming x near 0+
 Discontinuities at zeroes of cos(x) were not checked
 Evaluation time: 11.933

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-(-\cos(x))^2+\cos(x)} \operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)) \cos(x)}{\cos(x)^2}\right) \cos(x) + 2(-\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)))^3 \cdot \frac{1}{(\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)))^2-1} \\
 & \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{asin}(2 \cdot -\cos(x) + 1) + 2(\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)))^3 \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{abs}(\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)))} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\frac{(\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)))^2(2\sqrt{-(-\cos(x))^2+\cos(x)}-1)}{-2-\cos(x)}-(\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x)))^2+\frac{2\sqrt{-(-\cos(x))^2+\cos(x)}}{-2-\cos(x)}}{\operatorname{abs}(\operatorname{sign}(\cos(x))) \cdot 2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

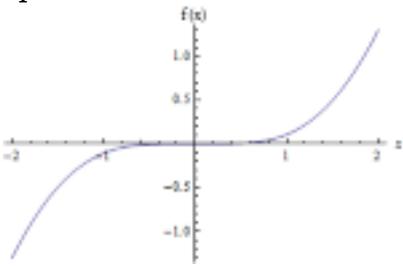
10 $\int \frac{x^3 e^{\arcsin(x)}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

optimal	$\frac{1}{10} (x^3 - 3\sqrt{1-x^2}x^2 - 3\sqrt{1-x^2} + 3x) e^{\sin^{-1}(x)}$
M 9.01	$\text{Integrate}\left[\frac{x^3 \text{Exp}[\text{ArcSin}[x]]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}, x\right]$ $-\frac{1}{40} e^{\text{ArcSin}[x]} \left(15 \left(-x+\sqrt{1-x^2}\right)-3 \cos [3 \text{ArcSin}[x]]+\sin$
Rubi 4.1	$\text{Int}\left[\frac{x^3 \text{Exp}[\text{ArcSin}[x]]}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}, x\right]$ $\frac{3}{10} e^{\text{ArcSin}[x]} x+\frac{1}{10} e^{\text{ArcSin}[x]} x^3-\frac{3}{10} e^{\text{ArcSin}[x]} \sqrt{1-x^2}-\frac{3}{10} e$
Maple 18	<pre>> restart; int(x^3*exp(1)^arcsin(x)/sqrt(1-x^2),x); $\frac{1}{10} \left(x-3 \sqrt{-x^2+1}\right) e^{\arcsin(x)} x^2+\frac{3}{10} e^{\arcsin(x)} \left(x-\sqrt{-x^2+1}\right)$</pre>
Sage 5.4	<pre>integral(x^3*exp(arcsin(x))/sqrt(1-x^2), $\int \frac{x^3 e^{\arcsin(x)}}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$</pre>

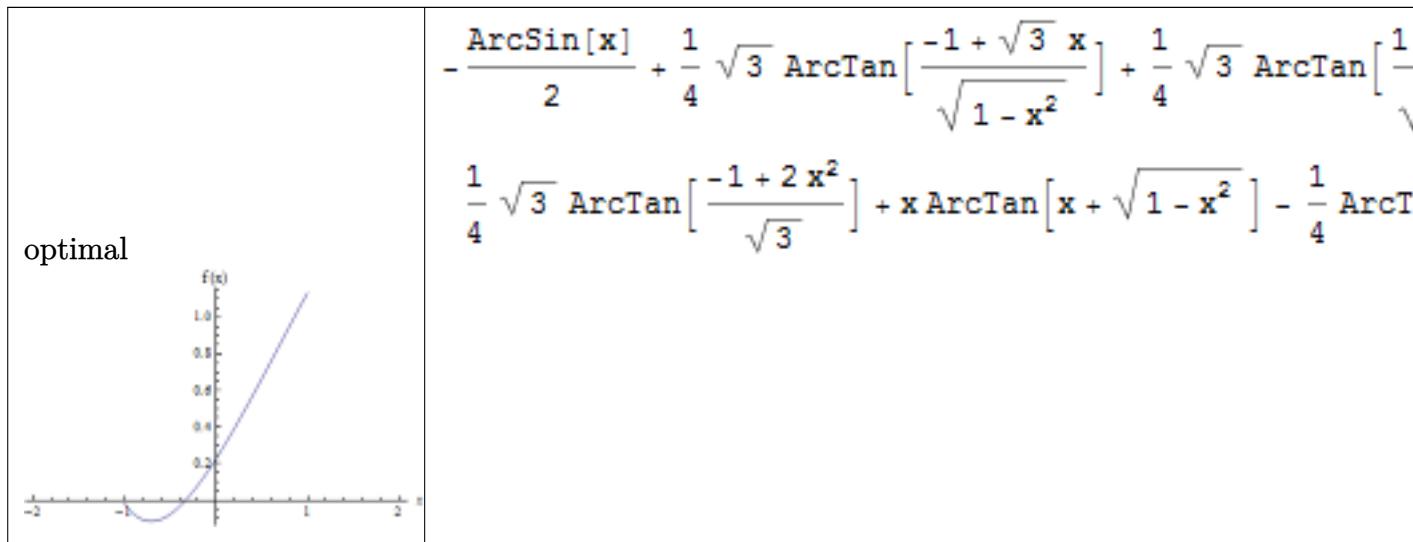
Fricas 1.2	(19) \rightarrow (19) $\rightarrow \text{integrate}(x^3 * \exp(\text{asin}(x)) / \sqrt{1-x^2}, x)$ $(19) \frac{((-3x^2 - 3)\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + x^3 + 3x)\%e}{10}$ (20) \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow <input type="text"/>
sympy 0.7.1	>>> >>> integrate(x**3*exp(asin(x))/sqrt(1-x**2),x) $x^{**3}\exp(\text{asin}(x))/10 - 3*x^{**2}(-x^{**2} + 1)^{(1/2)}\exp(\text{asin}(x))/10 + 3*x\exp(\text{asin}(x))^{(1/2)}$ >>> >>> <input type="text"/>
Axiom 5/12	(13) \rightarrow (13) $\rightarrow \text{integrate}(x^3 * \exp(\text{asin}(x)) / \sqrt{1-x^2}, x)$ (13) \rightarrow $(13) \frac{((-3x^2 - 3)\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + x^3 + 3x)\%e}{10}$ (14) \rightarrow <input type="text"/>
Maxima 5.28.02	$\text{integrate}(x^3 * \exp(\text{asin}(x)) / \sqrt{1-x^2}, x);$ $\int \frac{x^3 \exp(\text{asin}(x))}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$
reduce 2008	$\text{int}(x^3 * \exp(\text{asin}(x)) / \sqrt{1-x^2}, x);$ $\int \frac{e^{\text{arcsin}(x)} x^3}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} dx$
mupad 2013a	$\text{evalin}(\text{symengine}, \text{'int}(x^3 * \exp(\text{asin}(x)) / \sqrt{1-x^2}, x)')$ $\text{int}((x^3 * \exp(\text{asin}(x))) / (1 - x^2)^{(1/2)}, x)$

xcas	<pre>int(x^3*exp(asin(x))/sqrt(1-x^2),x) Simplification assuming x near 0+ Simplification assuming x near 0+</pre>  $\int x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2}} dx$
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11
$$\int \frac{x \log(1 + x^2) \log(x + \sqrt{1 + x^2})}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx$$

optimal	$4 x - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[x] - 2 \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1+x^2\right]$ 
M 9.01	<pre> Integrate[(x*Log[1+x^2]*Log[x+ Sqrt[1+x^2]])/Sqrt[1+x^2], x] 4 x - 2 ArcTan[x] - 2 \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1+x^2\right] \left(-x+\sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right]\right) </pre>
Rubi 4.1	<pre> Int[(x*Log[1+x^2]*Log[x+ Sqrt[1+x^2]])/Sqrt[1+x^2], x] 4 x - 2 ArcTan[x] - x Log[1+x^2] - 2 \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{Log}\left[x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] + \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+x^2\right] \operatorname{Log}\left[x+\sqrt{1+x^2}\right] </pre>
Maple 18	<pre> > restart; intg:= x*log(1+x^2)*log(x+sqrt(1+x^2))/sqrt(1+x^2); intg := $\frac{x \ln(x^2 + 1) \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$ > int(intg,x); $\int \frac{x \ln(x^2 + 1) \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$ </pre>

12 $\int \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \right) dx$



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Integrate[ArcTan[x + Sqrt[1 - x^2]], x]
x ArcTan[x + Sqrt[1 - x^2]] + 1/16 (-8 ArcSin[x] + 2 Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]]
ArcTan[((1 + i Sqrt[3] - 2 x^2) (-1 + x^2))/(-3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[3] x^4 + x^3 (-6 - 2 i Sqrt[3] - 2 Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
x (6 + 2 i Sqrt[3] - 2 Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + x^2 (3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[6 - 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]))] - 2 Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]]
ArcTan[((1 + i Sqrt[3] - 2 x^2) (-1 + x^2))/(-3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[3] x^4 + 2 x (-3 - i Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
2 x^3 (3 + i Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + x^2 (3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]))] - 2 Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]]
ArcTan[((-1 + x^2) (-1 + i Sqrt[3] + 2 x^2))/((3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[3] x^4 + x (6 - 2 i Sqrt[3] - 2 Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + x^3
(-6 + 2 i Sqrt[3] - 2 Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + x^2 (-3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]))] + 2 Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]]
ArcTan[((-1 + x^2) (-1 + i Sqrt[3] + 2 x^2))/((3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[3] x^4 + 2 x^3 (3 - i Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
2 x (-3 + i Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + x^2 (-3 i - Sqrt[3] + 2 Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]))] -
2 Log[-1/2 - i Sqrt[3]/2 + x^2] + 2 i Sqrt[3] Log[-1/2 - i Sqrt[3]/2 + x^2] - 2 Log[1/2 i (i + Sqrt[3]) + x^2] -
2 i Sqrt[3] Log[1/2 i (i + Sqrt[3]) + x^2] -
i Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[16 (1 + Sqrt[3] x + x^2)^2] +
i Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[16 (1 + Sqrt[3] x + x^2)^2] +
i Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[(4 - 4 Sqrt[3] x + 4 x^2)^2] -
i Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[(4 - 4 Sqrt[3] x + 4 x^2)^2] -
i Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[3 i + Sqrt[3] - (-i + Sqrt[3]) x^4 + 2 i Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 5 i x^2 (2 + Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
x (3 + 5 i Sqrt[3] + 3 i Sqrt[6 - 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + i x^3 (3 i + 3 Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[6 - 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2])] +
i Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[3 i + Sqrt[3] - (-i + Sqrt[3]) x^4 + 2 i Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 5 i x^2 (2 + Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
x^3 (3 - 3 i Sqrt[3] - i Sqrt[6 - 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) - i x (-3 i + 5 Sqrt[3] + 3 Sqrt[6 - 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2])] +
i Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[-3 i + Sqrt[3] - (i + Sqrt[3]) x^4 - 2 i Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2] - 5 i x^2 (2 + Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
x (3 - 5 i Sqrt[3] - 3 i Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) - i x^3 (-3 i + 3 Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2])] -
i Sqrt[2 - 2 i Sqrt[3]] Log[-3 i + Sqrt[3] - (i + Sqrt[3]) x^4 - 2 i Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2] - 5 i x^2 (2 + Sqrt[2 + 2 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) +
x^3 (3 + 3 i Sqrt[3] + i Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + i x (3 i + 5 Sqrt[3] + 3 Sqrt[6 + 6 i Sqrt[3]] Sqrt[1 - x^2])]
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	$\text{Int}[\text{ArcTan}[x + \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]], x]$ $-\frac{\text{ArcSin}[x]}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - 2x^2}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-\frac{i - \sqrt{3}}{i + \sqrt{3}} \sqrt{1 - x^2}}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} +$ Rubi 4.1 $\frac{1}{12} (3i - \sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{-\frac{i - \sqrt{3}}{i + \sqrt{3}} \sqrt{1 - x^2}}}\right] + \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i - \sqrt{3}}{i + \sqrt{3}}} x}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} -$ $\frac{1}{12} (3i + \sqrt{3}) \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{i - \sqrt{3}}{i + \sqrt{3}}} x}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}\right] + x \text{ArcTan}[x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}] - \frac{1}{8} \text{Log}[1 - x^2]$
Maple 18	<pre> > restart; intg:= arctan(sqrt(1-x^2)+x); int(intg,x); intg := arctan(sqrt(-x^2+1) + x) x arctan(sqrt(-x^2+1) + x) - 1/8 ln(x^4 - x^2 + 1) - 1/4 I sqrt(3) arctan((1/3 (2 x^2 - 1) sqrt(3)) + 1/8 ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (-1 - I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) - 1/8 I sqrt(3) ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (1 + I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) + 1/8 ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (-1 + I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) - 1/8 I sqrt(3) ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (-1 + I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) - 1/8 ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (1 - I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) + 1/8 I sqrt(3) ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (1 - I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) - 1/8 ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (1 - I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) + 1/8 I sqrt(3) ln((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)^2/x^2 + (-1 - I sqrt(3)) (sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x - 1) + arctan((sqrt(-x^2+1) - 1)/x) </pre>